# **Package: visiumStitched (via r-universe)**

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**Title** Enable downstream analysis of Visium capture areas stitched together with Fiji

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Description This package provides helper functions for working with multiple Visium capture areas that overlap each other. This package was developed along with the companion example use case data available from https://github.com/LieberInstitute/visiumStitched\_brain. visiumStitched prepares SpaceRanger (10x Genomics) output files so you can stitch the images from groups of capture areas together with Fiji. Then visiumStitched builds a SpatialExperiment object with the stitched data and makes an artificial hexogonal grid enabling the seamless use of spatial clustering methods that rely on such grid to identify neighboring spots, such as PRECAST and BayesSpace. The SpatialExperiment objects created by visiumStitched are compatible with spatialLIBD, which can be used to build interactive websites for stitched SpatialExperiment objects. visiumStitched also enables casting SpatialExperiment objects as Seurat objects.

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URL https://github.com/LieberInstitute/visiumStitched

#### BugReports https://support.bioconductor.org/tag/visiumStitched

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Repository https://bioc.r-universe.dev

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add_array_coords	Add	transformed	array	and	pixel	coordinates	to	а
	Spati	ialExperiment						

# Description

Given a SpatialExperiment-class, sample information, and coordinates produced from the refinement workflow, add array and pixel coordinates appropriate for the linearly transformed capture areas making up each group present in the SpatialExperiment-class.

# Usage

```
add_array_coords(spe, sample_info, coords_dir, calc_error_metrics = FALSE)
```

#### Arguments

spe	A SpatialExperiment-class object.		
sample_info	A data.frame() with columns capture_area, group, fiji_xml_path, fiji_image_path, spaceranger_dir, intra_group_scalar, and group_hires_scalef. The last two are made by rescale_fiji_inputs().		
coords_dir	A character(1) vector giving the directory containing sample directories each with tissue_positions.csv, scalefactors_json.json, and tissue_lowres_image.png files produced from refinement with prep_fiji_coords() and related functions.		
calc_error_metrics			
	A logical(1) vector indicating whether to calculate error metrics related to mapping spots to well-defined array coordinates. If TRUE, adds euclidean_error and shared_neighbors spot-level metrics to the colData(). The former indicates distance in number of inter-spot distances to "move" a spot to the new array position; the latter indicates the fraction of neighbors for the associated capture area that are retained after mapping, which can be quite time-consuming to compute.		

#### Details

Array coordinates are determined via an algorithm that fits each spot to the nearest spot on a new, imaginary, Visium-like capture area. The imaginary capture area differs from a real capture area only in its extent; array coordinates still start at 0 but may extend arbitrarily beyond the normal maximum indices of 77 and 127 to fit every capture area in each group defined in the SpatialExperiment-class. The goal is to return well-defined array coordinates in a consistent spatial orientation for each group, such that downstream applications, such as clustering with BayesSpace, can process each group as if it really were one capture area in the first place. See https://research.libd.org/visiumStitched/articles/visiumStitched.html#defining-array-coordinates for more details.

# Value

A SpatialExperiment-class object with additional colData columns pxl\_row\_in\_fullres\_[suffix] and pxl\_col\_in\_fullres\_[suffix] with [suffix] values original and rounded; array\_row\_original and array\_col\_original columns; and modified colData() columns array\_row and array\_col and spatialCoords() with their transformed values.

#### Author(s)

Nicholas J. Eagles

```
sample_info <- dplyr::tibble(</pre>
   group = "Br2719",
   capture_area = c("V13B23-283_A1", "V13B23-283_C1", "V13B23-283_D1")
)
# Add 'spaceranger_dir' column
sr_dir <- tempdir()</pre>
temp <- unzip(</pre>
   spatialLIBD::fetch_data("visiumStitched_brain_spaceranger"),
   exdir = sr_dir
)
sample_info$spaceranger_dir <- file.path(</pre>
   sr_dir, sample_info$capture_area, "outs", "spatial"
)
# Add Fiji-output-related columns
fiji_dir <- tempdir()</pre>
temp <- unzip(</pre>
   spatialLIBD::fetch_data("visiumStitched_brain_Fiji_out"),
   exdir = fiji_dir
)
sample_info$fiji_xml_path <- temp[grep("xml$", temp)]</pre>
sample_info$fiji_image_path <- temp[grep("png$", temp)]</pre>
## Re-size images and add more information to the sample_info
sample_info <- rescale_fiji_inputs(sample_info, out_dir = tempdir())</pre>
## Preparing Fiji coordinates and images for build_SpatialExperiment()
spe_input_dir <- tempdir()</pre>
prep_fiji_coords(sample_info, out_dir = spe_input_dir)
prep_fiji_image(sample_info, out_dir = spe_input_dir)
Add array coordinates
#
spe_new <- add_array_coords(spe, sample_info, tempdir())</pre>
#
    Several columns related to spatial coordinates were added
added_cols_regex <- "^(array|pxl)_(row|col)(_in_fullres)?_(original|rounded)$"</pre>
colnames(SummarizedExperiment::colData(spe_new))[
   grep(added_cols_regex, colnames(SummarizedExperiment::colData(spe_new)))
٦
#
     'array_row', 'array_col', and spatialCoords() were overwritten with
#
    their transformed values
head(spe$array_row)
head(spe$array_col)
```

head(SpatialExperiment::spatialCoords(spe\_new))

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add\_overlap\_info Add info about how spots overlap among capture areas

# Description

Given a SpatialExperiment-class and column name in its colData, return a modified copy of the SpatialExperiment with additional colData columns: spe\$exclude\_overlapping and spe\$overlap\_key.

# Usage

```
add_overlap_info(spe, metric_name)
```

#### Arguments

spe	A SpatialExperiment-class with colData(spe) columns array_row, array_col, key, and capture_area.
metric_name	character(1) in colnames(colData(spe)), where spots belonging to the cap- ture area with highest average value for the metric take precedence over other spots.

# Details

spe\$exclude\_overlapping is TRUE for spots with a higher-quality overlapping capture area and FALSE otherwise. vis\_clus onlydisplays FALSE spots to prevent overplotting in regions of overlap. spe\$overlap\_key gives comma-separated strings containing the keys of any overlapping spots, and is the empty string otherwise.

#### Value

A SpatialExperiment object with additional colData columns spe\$exclude\_overlapping and spe\$overlap\_key.

# Author(s)

Nicholas J. Eagles

```
if (!exists("spe")) {
    spe <- spatialLIBD::fetch_data(type = "visiumStitched_brain_spe")
}
# Find the mean of the 'sum_umi' metric by capture area to understand
# which capture areas will be excluded in regions of overlap
SummarizedExperiment::colData(spe) |>
    dplyr::as_tibble() |>
    dplyr::group_by(capture_area) |>
    dplyr::summarize(mean_sum_umi = mean(sum_umi))
spe <- add_overlap_info(spe, "sum_umi")</pre>
```

# See how many spots were excluded by capture area
table(spe\$exclude\_overlapping, spe\$capture\_area)
# Examine how data about overlapping spots is stored (for the first
# few spots with overlap)
head(spe\$overlap\_key[spe\$overlap\_key != ""])

as.Seurat

Convert a SpatialExperiment object to a Seurat object

# Description

Given a SpatialExperiment-class object, first as.Seurat() is run, which operates on SingleCellExperimentclass objects. The remaining components (images, spatial coordinates) are added manually. The actual appearance of images are buggy for now.

#### Usage

```
as.Seurat(
   spe,
   spatial_cols = c(tissue = "in_tissue", row = "array_row", col = "array_col", imagerow =
        "pxl_row_in_fullres", imagecol = "pxl_col_in_fullres"),
   verbose = TRUE
)
```

#### Arguments

spe	A SpatialExperiment-class with colData() or spatialCoords() columns given by spatial_cols. This does not have to be a stitched spe object as this function should work with any type of spe objects.
spatial_cols	A character(5) named vector mapping which colData(spe) or spatialCoords(spe) columns contain the tissue, row, col, imagerow, and imagecol information expected by Seurat.
verbose	A logical(1) vector. If TRUE, print status update about the conversion process. This information can be useful for debugging.

# Details

Note that only the lowres images from imgData(spe) will be used.

# Value

A Seurat object.

# Author(s)

Nicholas J. Eagles

# Examples

```
## Download some example data
spe_unstitched <- spatialLIBD::fetch_data(</pre>
    type = "spatialDLPFC_Visium_example_subset"
)[seq(100), seq(100)]
## Make the column names unique
colnames(spe_unstitched) <- spatialLIBD::add_key(spe_unstitched)$key</pre>
## Convert from a SpatialExperiment to a Seurat object
seur <- as.Seurat(spe_unstitched)</pre>
seur
## Example with an stitched SPE object
if (!exists("spe")) {
    spe <- spatialLIBD::fetch_data(type = "visiumStitched_brain_spe")</pre>
}
seur_stitched <- as.Seurat(spe[seq(100), seq(100)])</pre>
## Let's look at our resulting Seurat object
seur_stitched
```

build\_SpatialExperiment

Build stitched SpatialExperiment

#### Description

First, read in capture-area-level SpaceRanger https://www.10xgenomics.com/support/software/ space-ranger/latest/analysis/running-pipelines/space-ranger-count outputs. Then, overwrite spatial coordinates and images to represent group-level samples using sample\_info\$group (though keep original coordinates in colData columns ending with the suffix "\_original"). Next, add info about overlaps (via spe\$exclude\_overlapping and spe\$overlap\_key). Ultimately, return a SpatialExperiment-class ready for visualization or downstream analysis.

#### Usage

```
build_SpatialExperiment(
  sample_info,
  coords_dir,
  count_type = "sparse",
  reference_gtf = NULL,
  gtf_cols = c("source", "type", "gene_id", "gene_version", "gene_name", "gene_type"),
  calc_error_metrics = FALSE
)
```

# Arguments

sample_info	A data.frame() with columns capture_area, group, fiji_xml_path, fiji_image_path, spaceranger_dir, intra_group_scalar, and group_hires_scalef. The last two are made by rescale_fiji_inputs().			
coords_dir	A character(1) vector giving the directory containing sample directories each with tissue_positions.csv, scalefactors_json.json, and tissue_lowres_image.png files produced from refinement with prep_fiji_coords() and related functions.			
count_type	A character(1) vector passed to type from SpatialExperiment::read10xVisium, defaulting to "sparse".			
reference_gtf	Passed to spatialLIBD::read10xVisiumWrapper(). If working on the same system where SpaceRanger was run, the GTF will be automatically found; otherwise a character(1) path may be supplied, pointing to a GTF file of gene annotation to populate rowData() with.			
gtf_cols	Passed to <pre>spatialLIBD::read10xVisiumWrapper().</pre> Columns in the reference GTF to extract and populate rowData().			
calc_error_metrics				
	A logical(1) vector indicating whether to calculate error metrics related to mapping spots to well-defined array coordinates. If TRUE, adds euclidean_error and shared_neighbors spot-level metrics to the colData(). The former indicates distance in number of inter-spot distances to "move" a spot to the new array position; the latter indicates the fraction of neighbors for the associated capture area that are retained after mapping, which can be quite time-consuming to compute.			

# Value

A SpatialExperiment-class object with one sample per group specified in sample\_info using transformed pixel and array coordinates (including in the spatialCoords()).

# Author(s)

Nicholas J. Eagles

merge\_overlapping

```
)
sample_info$spaceranger_dir <- file.path(</pre>
   sr_dir, sample_info$capture_area, "outs", "spatial"
)
#
   Add Fiji-output-related columns
fiji_dir <- tempdir()</pre>
temp <- unzip(</pre>
    spatialLIBD::fetch_data("visiumStitched_brain_Fiji_out"),
    exdir = fiji_dir
)
sample_info$fiji_xml_path <- temp[grep("xml$", temp)]</pre>
sample_info$fiji_image_path <- temp[grep("png$", temp)]</pre>
## Re-size images and add more information to the sample_info
sample_info <- rescale_fiji_inputs(sample_info, out_dir = tempdir())</pre>
## Preparing Fiji coordinates and images for build_SpatialExperiment()
spe_input_dir <- tempdir()</pre>
prep_fiji_coords(sample_info, out_dir = spe_input_dir)
prep_fiji_image(sample_info, out_dir = spe_input_dir)
*********
   Build the SpatialExperiment
#
******************
    Since we don't have access to the original GTF used to run SpaceRanger,
#
#
    we must explicitly supply our own GTF to build_SpatialExperiment(). We use
    GENCODE release 32, intended to be quite close to the actual GTF used,
#
#
    which is available from:
    https://cf.10xgenomics.com/supp/cell-exp/refdata-gex-GRCh38-2024-A.tar.gz
#
bfc <- BiocFileCache::BiocFileCache()</pre>
gtf_cache <- BiocFileCache::bfcrpath(</pre>
   bfc,
   paste0(
        "ftp://ftp.ebi.ac.uk/pub/databases/gencode/Gencode_human/",
        "release_32/gencode.v32.annotation.gtf.gz"
   )
)
## Now we can build the stitched SpatialExperiment object
spe <- build_SpatialExperiment(</pre>
    sample_info,
    coords_dir = spe_input_dir, reference_gtf = gtf_cache
)
## Let's explore the stitched SpatialExperiment object
spe
```

merge\_overlapping *Merge overlapping spots* 

# Description

Given a stitched SpatialExperiment-class, merge overlapping (same array coordinates) spots by adding expression (i.e. from assays(spe)\$counts), returning a SpatialExperiment with at most one spot per array location.

# Usage

```
merge_overlapping(spe)
```

# Arguments

spe

A SpatialExperiment-class with colData(spe) columns array\_row, array\_col, key, group, and capture\_area.

# Details

colData(spe) and spatialCoords(spe) of the merged spots are taken from the spots whose exclude\_overlapping values are TRUE.

# Value

A SpatialExperiment with at most one spot per array location

# Author(s)

Nicholas J. Eagles

```
if (!exists("spe")) {
    spe <- spatialLIBD::fetch_data(type = "visiumStitched_brain_spe")</pre>
}
   Group colData by group and array coordinates
#
grouped_coldata <- colData(spe) |>
   dplyr::as_tibble() |>
   dplyr::group_by(group, array_row, array_col)
   Find the first 100 keys that overlap other spots and don't, respectively
#
overlapping_keys <- grouped_coldata |>
   dplyr::filter(dplyr::n() > 1) |>
   dplyr::slice_head(n = 2) |>
   dplyr::ungroup() |>
   dplyr::slice_head(n = 100) |>
   dplyr::pull(key)
nonoverlapping_keys <- grouped_coldata |>
   dplyr::filter(dplyr::n() == 1) |>
   dplyr::ungroup() |>
   dplyr::slice_head(n = 100) |>
   dplyr::pull(key)
```

# prep\_fiji

```
# Built a small SPE containing some overlaps and some non-overlapping spots
small_spe <- spe[, c(overlapping_keys, nonoverlapping_keys)]
# Merge overlapping spots
small_spe_merged <- merge_overlapping(small_spe)
# All array coordinates have just one unique spot after merging
colData(small_spe_merged) |>
    dplyr::as_tibble() |>
    dplyr::group_by(group, array_row, array_col) |>
    dplyr::summarize(n = dplyr::n()) |>
    dplyr::pull(n) |>
    table()
```

prep\_fiji

Prepare Fiji outputs for building a SpatialExperiment

# Description

Together, prep\_fiji\_image() and prep\_fiji\_coords() process Fiji outputs and generate one directory per group resembling Spaceranger's spatial outputs; in particular, tissue\_positions.csv, tissue\_lowres\_image.png, and scalefactors\_json.json files are created. These functions are necessary to run in preparation for build\_SpatialExperiment().

# Usage

```
prep_fiji_image(sample_info, out_dir, lowres_max_size = 1200)
```

```
prep_fiji_coords(sample_info, out_dir)
```

# Arguments

sample_info	A data.frame() with columns capture_area, group, fiji_xml_path, fiji_image_path, spaceranger_dir, intra_group_scalar, and group_hires_scalef. The last two are made by rescale_fiji_inputs().
out_dir	A character(1) vector giving a path to a directory to place the output pixel coordinates CSVs. It must exist in advance.
lowres_max_size	2
	An integer(1) vector: the resolution (number of pixels) of the larger dimen-

An integer(1) vector: the resolution (number of pixels) of the larger dimension of the output image(s), considered to be "low resolution". The default value of 1200 assumes that you are stitching together at most a 2 by 2 grid of Visium capture areas, where each has at most 600 pixels on the longest dimension (as is the default in SpaceRanger).

# Details

Given a data.frame() of sample information (sample\_info) with columns capture\_area, group, and fiji\_xml\_path, expected to have one unique path to Fiji XML output per group, prep\_fiji\_coords reads in the pixel coordinates from each capture area's tissue\_positions.csv file from SpaceRanger, and transform using the rotation matrix specified by Fiji https://imagej.net/software/fiji/. It writes one new tissue\_positions.csv file per group.

After stitching all groups in sample\_info with Fiji, images of various resolutions (pixel dimensions) are left. prep\_fiji\_image() creates copies of each image whose largest dimension is lowres\_max\_size pixels. It also creates a corresponding scalefactors\_json.json file much like SpaceRanger's.

# Value

This function returns a character() with the file paths to the files it created. For prep\_fiji\_coords(), these are the tissue\_positions.csv files; for prep\_fiji\_image(), these are the tissue\_lowres\_image.png and scalefactors\_json.json files.

# Functions

- prep\_fiji\_image(): Create low-res images and scale factors from high-res Fiji output images
- prep\_fiji\_coords(): Apply transform info from Fiji XML output

# Author(s)

Nicholas J. Eagles

#### Examples

```
sample_info <- dplyr::tibble(</pre>
    group = "Br2719",
    capture_area = c("V13B23-283_A1", "V13B23-283_C1", "V13B23-283_D1")
)
   Add 'spaceranger_dir' column
#
sr_dir <- tempdir()</pre>
temp <- unzip(</pre>
    spatialLIBD::fetch_data("visiumStitched_brain_spaceranger"),
    exdir = sr_dir
)
sample_info$spaceranger_dir <- file.path(</pre>
    sr_dir, sample_info$capture_area, "outs", "spatial"
)
    Add Fiji-output-related columns
#
fiji_dir <- tempdir()</pre>
temp <- unzip(</pre>
    spatialLIBD::fetch_data("visiumStitched_brain_Fiji_out"),
    exdir = fiji_dir
)
sample_info$fiji_xml_path <- temp[grep("xml$", temp)]</pre>
```

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```
sample_info$fiji_image_path <- temp[grep("png$", temp)]</pre>
## Re-size images and add more information to the sample_info
sample_info <- rescale_fiji_inputs(sample_info, out_dir = tempdir())</pre>
spe_input_dir <- tempdir()</pre>
out_paths_image <- prep_fiji_image(</pre>
    sample_info,
    out_dir = spe_input_dir, lowres_max_size = 1000
)
out_path_coords <- prep_fiji_coords(sample_info, out_dir = spe_input_dir)</pre>
#
     A "low resolution" stitched image was produced, which has 1000
#
     pixels in its largest dimension
this_image <- imager::load.image(</pre>
    file.path(spe_input_dir, "Br2719", "tissue_lowres_image.png")
)
dim(this_image)
library("imager")
plot(this_image)
     'prep_fiji_image' produced an image and scalefactors
#
out_paths_image
     'prep_fiji_coords' produced a file of spatial coordinates for the
#
     stitched Br2719
#
readr::read_csv(out_path_coords)
```

rescale\_fiji\_inputs Write same-scale hires images for input to Fiji

# Description

Given a data.frame() of sample information (sample\_info) with columns capture\_area, group, and spaceranger\_dir, Write new high-resolution images for use as input to Fiji https://imagej. net/software/fiji/. Particularly when capture areas come from different slides, there is a risk of significant scale differences among SpaceRanger's tissue\_hires\_image.png images; that is, the physical distance represented by a pixel from each capture area may differ nontrivially, leading to a distance-distorted output image, and inconsistent scaling when later transforming pixel coordinates. This function writes approximately high-res images whose pixels are of equal physical size within each group, then adds intra\_group\_scalar and group\_hires\_scalef columns to sample\_info. intra\_group\_scalar gives the scalar by a which a given capture area's tissue\_hires\_image.png image and pixel coordinates must be multiplied to match the scale of other group members; group\_hires\_scalef gives the new tissue\_hires\_scalef (as from SpaceRanger's scalefactors\_json.json file) appropriate for every capture area from the group.

#### Usage

rescale\_fiji\_inputs(sample\_info, out\_dir)

#### Arguments

sample_info	A data.frame() with columns capture_area, group, fiji_xml_path, fiji_image_path,
	<pre>spaceranger_dir, intra_group_scalar, and group_hires_scalef. The last</pre>
	<pre>two are made by rescale_fiji_inputs().</pre>
out_dir	A character(1) vector giving a path to a directory to place the output images, which must exist in advance.

# Value

A tibble: a copy of sample\_info with additional columns intra\_group\_scalar and group\_hires\_scalef.

#### Author(s)

Nicholas J. Eagles

```
#
     Define sample information for the example human brain data
sample_info <- dplyr::tibble(</pre>
   group = "Br2719",
   capture_area = c("V13B23-283_A1", "V13B23-283_C1", "V13B23-283_D1")
)
# Add 'spaceranger_dir' column
sr_dir <- tempdir()</pre>
temp <- unzip(</pre>
    spatialLIBD::fetch_data("visiumStitched_brain_spaceranger"),
    exdir = sr_dir
)
sample_info$spaceranger_dir <- file.path(</pre>
    sr_dir, sample_info$capture_area, "outs", "spatial"
)
   Add Fiji-output-related columns
#
fiji_dir <- tempdir()</pre>
temp <- unzip(</pre>
    spatialLIBD::fetch_data("visiumStitched_brain_Fiji_out"),
    exdir = fiji_dir
)
sample_info$fiji_xml_path <- temp[grep("xml$", temp)]</pre>
sample_info$fiji_image_path <- temp[grep("png$", temp)]</pre>
## Re-size images and add more information to the sample_info
out_dir <- tempdir()</pre>
sample_info_new <- rescale_fiji_inputs(sample_info, out_dir = out_dir)</pre>
     Scale factors are computed that are necessary downstream (i.e. with
#
#
     prep_fiji_*() functions)
sample_info_new[, setdiff(colnames(sample_info_new), colnames(sample_info))]
#
     Image are produced that are ready for alignment in Fiji
```

```
list.files(out_dir)
```

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