

# Package: geomeTriD (via r-universe)

October 23, 2024

**Type** Package

**Title** A R/Bioconductor package for interactive 3D plot of epigenetic data or single cell data

**Version** 0.99.14

**Description** geomeTriD (Three Dimensional Geometry Package) create interactive 3D plots using the GL library with the 'three.js' visualization library (<https://threejs.org>) or the rgl library. In addition to creating interactive 3D plots, the application also generates simplified models in 2D. These 2D models provide a more straightforward visual representation, making it easier to analyze and interpret the data quickly. This functionality ensures that users have access to both detailed three-dimensional visualizations and more accessible two-dimensional views, catering to various analytical needs.

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**Depends** R (>= 4.4.0)

**Imports** BiocGenerics, GenomeInfoDb, GenomicRanges, graphics, grDevices, grid, htmlwidgets, igraph, InteractionSet, IRanges, MASS, Matrix, methods, plotrix, rgl, rjson, S4Vectors, scales, stats, trackViewer

**Suggests** RUnit, org.Hs.eg.db, TxDb.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19.knownGene, manipulateWidget, shiny, BiocStyle, knitr, rmarkdown, testthat

**biocViews** Visualization

**VignetteBuilder** knitr

**RoxygenNote** 7.3.2

**Encoding** UTF-8

**URL** <https://github.com/jianhong/geomeTriD>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/jianhong/geomeTriD/issues>

**Repository** <https://bioc.r-universe.dev>

**RemoteUrl** <https://github.com/bioc/geomeTriD>

**RemoteRef** HEAD

**RemoteSha** 2d9648604267b1beca9f72a36787bf94b42d9a21

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|                   |   |
|-------------------|---|
| geomeTriD-package | <i>Interactive 3D plot of epigenetic data or single cell data</i> |
|-------------------|---|

---

## Description

geomeTriD (Three Dimensional Geometry Package) create interactive 3D plots using the GL library with the 'three.js' visualization library (<https://threejs.org>) or the rgl library. In addition to creating interactive 3D plots, the application also generates simplified models in 2D. These 2D models provide a more straightforward visual representation, making it easier to analyze and interpret the data quickly. This functionality ensures that users have access to both detailed three-dimensional visualizations and more accessible two-dimensional views, catering to various analytical needs.

## Author(s)

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## See Also

Useful links:

- <https://github.com/jianhong/geomeTriD>
- Report bugs at <https://github.com/jianhong/geomeTriD/issues>

**Examples**

```
if(interactive()){
  ## quick start from a simple data
  library(geomeTriD)
  set.seed(123)
  obj <- GRanges("1", IRanges(seq.int(10), width = 1),
                 x = sample.int(10, 10),
                 y = sample.int(10, 10),
                 z = sample.int(10, 10)
                )
  feature.gr <- GRanges("1", IRanges(c(3, 7), width = 3),
                       label = c("gene1", "gene2"),
                       col = c("red", "blue"),
                       type = "gene"
                      )
  view3dStructure(obj, feature.gr,
                 renderer = "threejs",
                 coor_mark_interval = 5, coor_tick_unit = 2
                )
}
```

---

**alignCoor***Aligns two sets of genomic with x,y,z*

---

**Description**

Aligns two sets of points via rotations and translations by Kabsch Algorithm.

**Usage**

```
alignCoor(query, subject)
```

**Arguments**

query, subject GRanges objects to alignment.

**Value**

A GRanges object of query aligned to subject.

**Examples**

```
x <- readRDS(system.file("extdata", "4DNFI1UEG1HD.chr21.FLAMINGO.res.rds",
                        package = "geomeTriD"
                      ))
res <- alignCoor(x, x)
A <- view3dStructure(x, k = 3, renderer = "none")
B <- view3dStructure(res, k = 3, renderer = "none")
```

```
B <- lapply(B, function(.ele) {
  .ele$side <- "right"
  .ele
})
threeJsViewer(c(A, B))
```

---

availableGeometries    *Available Geometries*

---

### Description

The Geometries supported by [threeJsGeometry](#) class

### Usage

```
availableGeometries
```

### Format

An object of class character of length 18.

### Examples

```
availableGeometries
```

---

```
create3dGenomicSignals
   create 3d Geometry by given genomic signals
```

---

### Description

Create a 3d Geometry by given genomic signals for target 3d positions.

### Usage

```
create3dGenomicSignals(
  GenoSig,
  targetObj,
  signalTransformFun,
  positionTransformFun,
  reverseGenomicSigs,
  type = "segment",
  tag,
  name,
  color = c("gray30", "darkred"),
  rotation = c(0, 0, 0),
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

|                      |  |
|----------------------|--|
| GenoSig              | The Genomic signals. An object of <a href="#">GRanges</a> , <a href="#">Pairs</a> , or <a href="#">GInteractions</a> with scores or an object of <a href="#">track</a> .   |
| targetObj            | The GRanges object with mcols x0, y0, z0, x1, y1, and z1   |
| signalTransformFun   | The transformation function for genomic signals.   |
| positionTransformFun | The transformation function for the coordinates. The function must have input as a data.frame with colnames x0, y0, z0, x1, y1, and z1. And it must have output as same dimension data.frame.  |
| reverseGenomicSigs   | Plot the genomic signals in reverse values.  |
| type                 | The Geometry type. See <a href="#">threeJsGeometry</a>   |
| tag                  | The tag used to group geometries.  |
| name                 | The prefix for the name of the geometries.   |
| color                | The color of the signal. If there is metadata 'color' in GenoSig this parameter will be ignored.   |
| rotation             | The rotations in the x, y and z axis in radians.   |
| ...                  | the parameters for each different type of geometries. If type is 'segments', lwd.maxGenomicSigs (the maximal lwd of the line) is required. If type is 'circle', radius (the radius of the circle) and the maxVal (the value for 2*pi) is required. If type is 'sphere', 'dodecahedron', 'icosahedron', 'octahedron', or 'tetrahedron', radius is required. If type is 'box', 'capsule', 'cylinder', 'cone', or 'torus', if the properties of correspond geometry is not set, they will be set to the transformed score value. If type is 'json', please refer the documentation about BufferGeometryLoader at threejs.org If input 'GenoSig' is an object of Pairs or GInteractions, the type will be set to 'polygon' and topN is used to set how many top events will be plot. |

**Value**

[threeJsGeometry](#) objects or NULL

**Examples**

```
library(GenomicRanges)
GenoSig <- GRanges("chr1", IRanges(seq(1, 100, by = 10), width = 10),
  score = seq.int(10)
)
pos <- matrix(rnorm(303), ncol = 3)
pos <- cbind(
  x0 = pos[seq.int(100), 1],
  x1 = pos[seq.int(101)[-1], 1],
  y0 = pos[seq.int(100), 2],
  y1 = pos[seq.int(101)[-1], 2],
  z0 = pos[seq.int(100), 3],
  z1 = pos[seq.int(101)[-1], 3]
```

```
)  
targetObj <- GRanges("chr1", IRanges(seq.int(100), width = 1))  
mcols(targetObj) <- pos  
ds <- create3dGenomicSignals(GenoSig, targetObj,  
  signalTransformFun = function(x) {  
    log2(x + 1)  
  },  
  reverseGenomicSigs = FALSE,  
  type = "segment",  
  lwd.maxGenomicSigs = 8,  
  name = "test",  
  tag = "test"  
)  
threeJsViewer(ds)
```

---

extractBackbonePositions

*Extract the backbone coordinates from output of mdsPlot*

---

### Description

Extract the positions from output of mdsPlot and used as the 'targetObj' for function create3dGenomicSignals

### Usage

```
extractBackbonePositions(v3d_output)
```

### Arguments

v3d\_output      The output of [mdsPlot](#) or [view3dStructure](#) for k=3.

### Value

An GRanges object with positions of x0, x1, y0, y1, z0 and z1.

### Examples

```
library(GenomicRanges)  
gi_nij <- readRDS(system.file("extdata", "nij.chr6.51120000.53200000.gi.rds",  
  package = "geomeTriD"))  
range_chr6 <- GRanges("chr6", IRanges(51120000, 53200000))  
geos <- mdsPlot(gi_nij, range = range_chr6, k = 3, render = "none")  
extractBackbonePositions(geos)
```

---

|                 |                           |
|-----------------|---------------------------|
| loopBouquetPlot | <i>plot GInteractions</i> |
|-----------------|---------------------------|

---

## Description

plot graph for GInteractions

## Usage

```
loopBouquetPlot(  
  gi,  
  range,  
  feature.gr,  
  genomicSigs,  
  signalTransformFun = function(x) {  
    log2(x + 1)  
  },  
  label_region = FALSE,  
  show_edges = TRUE,  
  show_cluster = TRUE,  
  lwd.backbone = 2,  
  col.backbone = "gray",  
  lwd.maxGenomicSigs = 8,  
  reverseGenomicSigs = TRUE,  
  col.backbone_background = "gray70",  
  alpha.backbone_background = 0.5,  
  lwd.gene = 2,  
  lwd.nodeCircle = 1,  
  col.nodeCircle = "#DDDDDD25",  
  lwd.edge = 2,  
  col.edge = "gray80",  
  coor_mark_interval = 1e+05,  
  col.coor = "black",  
  show_coor = TRUE,  
  coor_tick_unit = 1000,  
  label_gene = TRUE,  
  col.tension_line = "black",  
  lwd.tension_line = 1,  
  length.arrow = NULL,  
  safe_text_force = 3,  
  method = 1,  
  doReduce = FALSE,  
  ...  
)
```

## Arguments

`gi` An object of [GInteractions](#)

|   |   |
|---|---|
| range   | The region to plot. an object of <a href="#">GRanges</a>  |
| feature.gr  | The annotation features to be added. An object of <a href="#">GRanges</a> .   |
| genomicSigs   | The genomic signals. An object of <a href="#">GRanges</a> with scores or an object of <a href="#">track</a> .   |
| signalTransformFun  | The transformation function for genomic signals.  |
| label_region  | Label the region node or not.   |
| show_edges  | Plot the interaction edges or not.  |
| show_cluster  | Plot the cluster background or not.   |
| lwd.backbone, lwd.gene, lwd.nodeCircle, lwd.edge, lwd.tension_line, lwd.maxGenomicSigs      | Line width for the linker, gene, interaction node circle, the dashed line of interaction edges, the tension line and the maximal reversed genomic signal. |
| col.backbone, col.backbone_background, col.nodeCircle, col.edge, col.tension_line, col.coor | Color for the DNA chain, the compact DNA chain, the node circle, the linker, the tension line and the coordinates marker.                                 |
| reverseGenomicSigs  | Plot the Genomic signals in reverse values.   |
| alpha.backbone_background   | Alpha channel for transparency of backbone background.  |
| coor_mark_interval  | The coordinates marker interval. Numeric(1). Set to 0 to turn it off. The default value 1e5 means show coordinates every 0.1M bp.                         |
| show_coor   | Show coordinates or not.  |
| coor_tick_unit  | The bps for every ticks. Default is 1K.   |
| label_gene  | Show gene symbol or not.  |
| length.arrow  | Length of the edges of the arrow head (in inches).  |
| safe_text_force   | The loops to avoid the text overlapping.  |
| method  | Plot method. Could be 1 or 2.   |
| doReduce  | Reduce the GInteractions or not.  |
| ...   | Parameter will be passed to <a href="#">layout_with_fr</a> .  |

**Value**

A invisible list with the key points of the plot.

**Examples**

```
library(InteractionSet)
gi <- readRDS(system.file("extdata", "gi.rds", package = "trackViewer"))
range <- GRanges("chr2", IRanges(234500000, 235000000))
library(TxDb.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19.knownGene)
library(org.Hs.eg.db)
```



```

feature.gr <- genes(TxDb.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19.knownGene)
feature.gr <- subsetByOverlaps(feature.gr, range(regions(gi)))
symbols <- mget(feature.gr$gene_id, org.Hs.egSYMBOL, ifnotfound = NA)
feature.gr$label[lengths(symbols) == 1] <- unlist(symbols[lengths(symbols) == 1])
feature.gr$col <- sample(1:7, length(feature.gr), replace = TRUE)
feature.gr$type <- sample(c("cRE", "gene"),
  length(feature.gr),
  replace = TRUE,
  prob = c(0.1, 0.9)
)
feature.gr$pch <- rep(NA, length(feature.gr))
feature.gr$pch[feature.gr$type == "cRE"] <- 11
loopBouquetPlot(gi, range, feature.gr)

```

---

mDsPlot

*Plot genomic interactions by multi-dimensional scaling plot*


---

## Description

This function will convert the interactions scores into a distance matrix and then plot the matrix by multi-dimensional scaling plot.

## Usage

```

mDsPlot(
  gi,
  range,
  feature.gr,
  k = 2,
  genomicSigs,
  signalTransformFun = function(x) {
    log2(x + 1)
  },
  lwd.backbone = 2,
  col.backbone = "gray",
  lwd.maxGenomicSigs = 8,
  reverseGenomicSigs = TRUE,
  col.backbone_background = if (k == 2) "gray70" else c("white", "darkred"),
  alpha.backbone_background = 0.5,
  lwd.gene = 3,
  coor_mark_interval = 5e+05,
  col.coor = "black",
  show_coor = TRUE,
  coor_tick_unit = 50000,
  label_gene = TRUE,
  col.tension_line = "black",
  lwd.tension_line = 1,
  length.arrow = NULL,

```

```

    safe_text_force = 3,
    square = TRUE,
    renderer = c("rgl", "threejs", "none", "granges"),
    ...
)

```

## Arguments

|  |  |
|--|--|
| <code>gi</code>  | An object of <a href="#">GInteractions</a>   |
| <code>range</code>   | The region to plot. an object of <a href="#">GRanges</a>   |
| <code>feature.gr</code>  | The annotation features to be added. An object of <a href="#">GRanges</a> .  |
| <code>k</code>   | The dimension of plot. 2: 2d, 3: 3d.   |
| <code>genomicSigs</code>   | The genomic signals. An object of <a href="#">GRanges</a> with scores or an object of <a href="#">track</a> .  |
| <code>signalTransformFun</code>  | The transformation function for genomic signals.   |
| <code>lwd.backbone, lwd.gene, lwd.tension_line, lwd.maxGenomicSigs</code>      | Line width for the linker, gene, interaction node circle, the dashed line of interaction edges, the tension line and the maximal reversed genomic signal.  |
| <code>col.backbone, col.backbone_background, col.tension_line, col.coor</code> | Color for the DNA chain, the compact DNA chain, the node circle, the linker, the tension line and the coordinates marker.  |
| <code>reverseGenomicSigs</code>  | Plot the genomic signals in reverse values.  |
| <code>alpha.backbone_background</code>   | Alpha channel for transparency of backbone background.   |
| <code>coor_mark_interval</code>  | The coordinates marker interval. Numeric(1). Set to 0 to turn it off. The default value 1e5 means show coordinates every 0.1M bp.  |
| <code>show_coor</code>   | Plot ticks in the line to show the DNA compact tension.  |
| <code>coor_tick_unit</code>  | The bps for every ticks. Default is 1K.  |
| <code>label_gene</code>  | Show gene symbol or not.   |
| <code>length.arrow</code>  | Length of the edges of the arrow head (in inches).   |
| <code>safe_text_force</code>   | The loops to avoid the text overlapping.   |
| <code>square</code>  | A logical value that controls whether control points for the curve are created city-block fashion or obliquely. See <a href="#">grid.curve</a> .   |
| <code>renderer</code>  | The renderer of the 3D plots. Could be <code>rgl</code> or <code>threejs</code> . The <code>threejs</code> will create a <code>htmlwidgets</code> . If 'none' is set, a list of object will be returned. If 'granges' is set, A <a href="#">GRanges</a> with coordinates will be returned. |
| <code>...</code>   | Parameter will be passed to <a href="#">isoMDS</a> .   |

## Value

Coordinates for 2d or 3d.

**Examples**

```

library(InteractionSet)
gi <- readRDS(system.file("extdata", "nij.chr6.51120000.53200000.gi.rds",
  package = "geomeTriD"
))
range <- GRanges("chr6", IRanges(51120000, 53200000))
library(TxDb.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19.knownGene)
library(org.Hs.eg.db)
feature.gr <- genes(TxDb.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19.knownGene)
feature.gr <- subsetByOverlaps(feature.gr, range(regions(gi)))
symbols <- mget(feature.gr$gene_id, org.Hs.egSYMBOL, ifnotfound = NA)
feature.gr$label[lengths(symbols) == 1] <- unlist(symbols[lengths(symbols) == 1])
feature.gr$col <- sample(1:7, length(feature.gr), replace = TRUE)
feature.gr$type <- sample(c("cRE", "gene"),
  length(feature.gr),
  replace = TRUE,
  prob = c(0.1, 0.9)
)
mdsPlot(gi, range, feature.gr)

```

---

rglViewer

*rgl Viewer View the 3d structure by rgl.*


---

**Description**

rgl Viewer View the 3d structure by rgl.

**Usage**

```
rglViewer(..., background = "gray")
```

**Arguments**

...                    objects of threeJsGeometry.  
background            background of the main camera.

**Value**

MULL

**Examples**

```

obj <- readRDS(system.file("extdata", "4DNFI1UEG1HD.chr21.FLAMINGO.res.rds",
  package = "geomeTriD"
))
feature.gr <- readRDS(system.file("extdata", "4DNFI1UEG1HD.feature.gr.rds",
  package = "geomeTriD"
))
tjg <- view3dStructure(obj,

```

```
k = 3, feature.gr = feature.gr, renderer = "none",  
  length.arrow = grid::unit(0.000006, "native")  
)  
rglViewer(tjg, background = 'white')
```

---

**smooth3dPoints***Calculate the smoothed curve for input GRanges*

---

### Description

This function will do smooth for given resolution (tile) for inputs and it is important step to prepare the inputs for [create3dGenomicSignals](#) and [view3dStructure](#).

### Usage

```
smooth3dPoints(obj, resolution = 30, ...)
```

### Arguments

|            |   |
|------------|---|
| obj        | GRanges object with mcols x, y, and z                   |
| resolution | number of points at which to evaluate the smooth curve. |
| ...        | parameters passed to <a href="#">splinefun</a>          |

### Value

GRanges object with smoothed points of x0, y0, z0, x1, y1, and z1.

### Examples

```
library(GenomicRanges)  
obj <- GRanges("1", IRanges(seq.int(5) * 10, width = 10),  
  x = seq.int(5), y = seq.int(5), z = seq.int(5)  
)  
smooth3dPoints(obj, 5)
```

---

```
threeJsGeometry-class Class "threeJsGeometry"
```

---

### Description

An object of class "threeJsGeometry" represents 'three.js' geometry.

### Usage

```
threeJsGeometry(...)

## S4 method for signature 'threeJsGeometry'
x$name

## S4 replacement method for signature 'threeJsGeometry'
x$name <- value

## S4 method for signature 'threeJsGeometry'
show(object)
```

### Arguments

|        |  |
|--------|--|
| ...    | Each argument in ... becomes an slot in the new threeJsGeometry. |
| x      | an object of threeJsGeometry                                     |
| name   | slot name of threeJsGeometry                                     |
| value  | value to be assigned   |
| object | an object of threeJsGeometry                                     |

### Slots

x,y,z "numeric", specify the x, y, and z coordinates.  
rotation "numeric", specify the rotations in the x, y and z axis in radians.  
colors "character", the colors for each geometry.  
type "character", the type of the geometry. See [availableGeometries](#).  
side 'character', the side for side by side plot in [threeJsViewer](#).  
layer 'character', the two layer plot in [threeJsViewer](#).  
tag 'character', the tag used to group geometries.  
properties A "list", the properties to control the geometry.

### Examples

```
tjg <- threeJsGeometry()
```

---

 threeJsViewer

*threeJs Viewer The htmlwidgets viewer for threeJs.*


---

## Description

threeJs Viewer The htmlwidgets viewer for threeJs.

## Usage

```
threeJsViewer(
  ...,
  background = c("#33333388", "#FFFFFFDD", "#FFFFFFDD", "#33333388"),
  maxRadius = 1,
  maxLineWidth = 50,
  title = NULL,
  width = NULL,
  height = NULL
)
```

## Arguments

|               |   |
|---------------|---|
| ...           | objects of threeJsGeometry.                     |
| background    | background of the main camera (left and right). |
| maxRadius     | max value of the controls for radius.           |
| maxLineWidth  | max value of the controls for line width.       |
| title         | the titles of the plot.                         |
| width, height | width and height of the widgets.                |

## Value

A htmlwidgets widget.

## Examples

```
library(GenomicRanges)
flamingo <- system.file("extdata", "4DNFI1UEG1HD.chr21.FLAMINGO.res.rds", package = "geomeTriD")
x <- readRDS(flamingo[[1]])
## resize to bigger value to get better init view
mcols(x) <- as.data.frame(mcols(x)) * 1e5
set.seed(1)
line <- threeJsGeometry(
  x = x$x, y = x$y, z = x$z,
  colors = sample(palette(), length(x), replace = TRUE),
  type = "line",
  properties = list(size = 4)
)
sphere <- x[sample.int(length(x), 100)]
```

```
sphere <- threeJsGeometry(  
  x = sphere$x, y = sphere$y, z = sphere$z,  
  colors = "red",  
  type = "sphere",  
  properties = list(radius = 0.08)  
)  
torus <- x[sample.int(length(x), 100)]  
torus <- threeJsGeometry(  
  x = torus$x, y = torus$y, z = torus$z,  
  colors = "blue",  
  type = "torus",  
  properties = list(  
    radius = 0.08,  
    tube = 0.03  
  )  
)  
cylinder <- x[sample.int(length(x), 100)]  
cylinder <- threeJsGeometry(  
  x = cylinder$x, y = cylinder$y, z = cylinder$z,  
  colors = "green",  
  type = "cylinder",  
  properties = list(  
    "height" = 0.07,  
    "radiusTop" = 0.05,  
    "radiusBottom" = 0.09  
  )  
)  
labels <- x[sample.int(length(x), 5)]  
fontURL <- paste0('https://raw.githubusercontent.com/mrdoob/three.js/refs/',  
  'heads/dev/examples/fonts/helvetiker_regular.typeface.json')  
labels <- threeJsGeometry(  
  x = labels$x, y = labels$y, z = labels$z,  
  colors = "black",  
  type = "text",  
  properties = list(  
    "label" = "text",  
    "font" = readLines(fontURL),  
    "size" = .5,  
    "depth" = .1  
  )  
)  
threeJsViewer(line, sphere, torus, cylinder)
```

---

threeJsViewer-shiny     *Shiny bindings for threeJsViewer*

---

## Description

Output and render functions for using threeJsViewer within Shiny applications and interactive Rmd documents.

**Usage**

```
threejsOutput(outputId, width = "100%", height = "600px")

renderthreeJsViewer(expr, env = parent.frame(), quoted = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

|               |  |
|---------------|--|
| outputId      | output variable to read from   |
| width, height | Must be a valid CSS unit (like '100%', '600px', 'auto') or a number, which will be coerced to a string and have 'px' appended. |
| expr          | An expression that generates a threeJsViewer   |
| env           | The environment in which to evaluate expr.   |
| quoted        | Is expr a quoted expression (with quote())? This is useful if you want to save an expression in a variable.                    |

**Value**

An output or render function that enables the use of the threeJsViewer widget.

**Examples**

```
if (interactive()) {
  library(GenomicRanges)
  flamingo <- system.file("extdata", "4DNFI1UEG1HD.chr21.FLAMINGO.res.rds", package = "geomeTriD")
  x <- readRDS(flamingo[[1]])
  ## resize to bigger value to get better init view
  mcols(x) <- as.data.frame(mcols(x)) * 1e5
  line <- threeJsGeometry(
    x = x$x, y = x$y, z = x$z,
    colors = sample(palette(), length(x), replace = TRUE),
    type = "line",
    properties = list(size = 4)
  )
  library(shiny)
  runApp(list(
    ui = bootstrapPage(
      threejsOutput("plot")
    ),
    server = function(input, output) {
      output$plot <- renderthreeJsViewer({
        threeJsViewer(line)
      })
    }
  ))
}
```



---

view3dCells

*Plot cell xyz data in 2d or 3d*


---

## Description

Plot cell xyz data with grid or rgl package.

## Usage

```
view3dCells(
  cells,
  x,
  y,
  z,
  color = "blue",
  colorFun = function(x, pal = seq.int(8)) {
    if (is.character(x))
      x <-
    as.numeric(factor(x))
    limits <- range(x)
    pal[findInterval(x, seq(limits[1],
    limits[2], length.out = length(pal) + 1), all.inside = TRUE)]
  },
  shape = "sphere",
  radius = 0.1,
  tag = "cell",
  renderer = c("rgl", "threejs", "none"),
  ...
)
```

## Arguments

|                      |  |
|----------------------|--|
| cells                | A data.frame.  |
| x, y, z              | Column names of x, y, z.   |
| color, shape, radius | The column names for color, shape, radius or the value(length=1) of them.  |
| colorFun             | The function to map values into colors.  |
| tag                  | The tag for controler.   |
| renderer             | The renderer of the 3D plots. Could be rgl or threejs. The threejs will create a htmlwidgets. If 'none' is set, a list of object will be returned. |
| ...                  | Not used.  |

## Value

A list of threeJsGeometry objects or a htmlwidget.

**Examples**

```

cells <- readRDS(system.file("extdata", "pbmc_small.3d.rds",
  package = "geomeTriD"
))
view3dCells(cells,
  x = "umap_1", y = "umap_2", z = "umap_3",
  color = "nCount_RNA",
  renderer = "threejs"
)

```

---

view3dStructure

*Plot GRanges xyz data in 2d or 3d*


---

**Description**

Plot GRanges xyz data with grid or rgl package.

**Usage**

```

view3dStructure(
  obj,
  feature.gr,
  genomicSigs,
  region,
  signalTransformFun = function(x) {
    log2(x + 1)
  },
  k = 3,
  renderer = c("rgl", "threejs", "none"),
  lwd.backbone = 2,
  col.backbone = "gray",
  lwd.maxGenomicSigs = 8,
  reverseGenomicSigs = TRUE,
  col.backbone_background = if (k == 2) "gray70" else c("gray30", "darkred"),
  alpha.backbone_background = 0.5,
  lwd.gene = 3,
  coor_mark_interval = 5e+05,
  col.coor = "black",
  show_coor = TRUE,
  coor_tick_unit = 50000,
  label_gene = TRUE,
  col.tension_line = "black",
  lwd.tension_line = 1,
  length.arrow = unit(abs(diff(obj$x))/20, "native"),
  safe_text_force = 3,
  square = TRUE,
  ...
)

```

**Arguments**

|  |  |
|--|--|
| <code>obj</code>   | GRanges object with mcols x, y, and/or z   |
| <code>feature.gr</code>  | The annotation features to be added. An object of <a href="#">GRanges</a> .  |
| <code>genomicSigs</code>   | The Genomic signals. An object of <a href="#">GRanges</a> with scores or an object of <a href="#">track</a> .  |
| <code>region</code>  | A GRanges object with the region to be plot.   |
| <code>signalTransformFun</code>  | The transformation function for genomic signals.   |
| <code>k</code>   | The dimension of plot. 2: 2d, 3: 3d.   |
| <code>renderer</code>  | The renderer of the 3D plots. Could be <code>rgl</code> or <code>threejs</code> . The <code>threejs</code> will create a <code>htmlwidgets</code> . If 'none' is set, a list of object will be returned. |
| <code>lwd.backbone, lwd.gene, lwd.tension_line, lwd.maxGenomicSigs</code>      | Line width for the linker, gene, interaction node circle, the dashed line of interaction edges, the tension line and the maximal reversed genomic signal.  |
| <code>col.backbone, col.backbone_background, col.tension_line, col.coor</code> | Color for the DNA chain, the compact DNA chain, the node circle, the linker, the tension line and the coordinates marker.  |
| <code>reverseGenomicSigs</code>  | Plot the genomic signals in reverse values.  |
| <code>alpha.backbone_background</code>   | Alpha channel for transparency of backbone background.   |
| <code>coor_mark_interval</code>  | The coordinates marker interval. <code>Numeric(1)</code> . Set to 0 to turn it off. The default value <code>1e5</code> means show coordinates every 0.1M bp.   |
| <code>show_coor</code>   | Plot ticks in the line to show the DNA compact tension.  |
| <code>coor_tick_unit</code>  | The bps for every ticks. Default is 1K.  |
| <code>label_gene</code>  | Show gene symbol or not.   |
| <code>length.arrow</code>  | Length of the edges of the arrow head (in inches).   |
| <code>safe_text_force</code>   | The loops to avoid the text overlapping.   |
| <code>square</code>  | A logical value that controls whether control points for the curve are created city-block fashion or obliquely. See <a href="#">grid.curve</a> .   |
| <code>...</code>   | Parameters for <a href="#">create3dGenomicSignals</a> .  |

**Value**

Coordinates for 2d or a list of `threeJsGeometry` objects or a `htmlwidget`.

**Examples**

```
obj <- readRDS(system.file("extdata", "4DNFI1UEG1HD.chr21.FLAMINGO.res.rds",
  package = "geomeTriD"
))
feature.gr <- readRDS(system.file("extdata", "4DNFI1UEG1HD.feature.gr.rds",
  package = "geomeTriD"
```

```
))  
tjg <- view3dStructure(obj,  
  k = 3, feature.gr = feature.gr, renderer = "none",  
  length.arrow = grid::unit(0.000006, "native")  
)
```

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