

# Package: dbSequence (via r-universe)

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**Title** DuckDB-Backed Interface for Large-Scale Genomic Data

**Version** 0.99.1

**Description** Provides a DuckDB-backed infrastructure for working with large-scale genomic data that exceeds available memory. Supports lazy evaluation of genomic ranges and efficient overlap queries. Integrates with Bioconductor classes (GRanges, BiocIO) and provides plyranges-compatible API.

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---

as_granges	<i>Convert objects to GRanges</i>
------------	-----------------------------------

---

### Description

S3 generic for converting various objects to GRanges. This generic is provided for plyranges compatibility when plyranges is not loaded.

S3 method for plyranges compatibility. Converts a dbSequence object to a GRanges object by collecting data from DuckDB.

**Usage**

```
as_granges(.data, ..., keep_mcols = TRUE)

## Default S3 method:
as_granges(.data, ..., keep_mcols = TRUE)

## S3 method for class 'dbSequence'
as_granges(.data, ..., keep_mcols = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

.data	A dbSequence object
...	Additional arguments (currently unused)
keep_mcols	logical: whether to keep metadata columns (default: TRUE)

**Details**

This method enables plyranges-style workflows: `db_seq %>% as_granges()`

Note that this collects all data from DuckDB into memory. For large datasets, consider filtering first using dplyr verbs.

**Value**

A GRanges object  
A GRanges object

**Examples**

```
# Import BED file to dbSequence
bed <- system.file("extdata", "example.bed", package = "dbSequence")
db_seq <- read_bed(bed)

# Convert to GRanges (collects data)
gr <- as_granges(db_seq)
```

---

as\_ranges-dbSequence-method

*Extract range columns as a view*

---

**Description**

Returns a view of the dbSequence with only the core range columns (seqnames, start, end, strand). This is useful for range operations that don't need metadata columns.

**Usage**

```
## S4 method for signature 'dbSequence'
asRanges(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

```
x                (required) A dbSequence object
...              (optional) Additional arguments (currently unused)
```

**Value**

A dbSequence view with only range columns

**Examples**

```
bed <- system.file("extdata", "example.bed", package = "dbSequence")
db_path <- tempfile(fileext = ".duckdb")
db_seq <- read_bed(bed, dest = DuckDBFile(db_path), lazy = FALSE)
asRanges(db_seq)
```

---

asRanges

---

*Extract genomic ranges from dbSequence objects*


---

**Description**

Extract genomic ranges from dbSequence objects

**Usage**

```
asRanges(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

```
x                (required) A dbSequence object
...              (optional) Additional arguments
```

**Value**

A view of the dbSequence with only range columns (seqnames, start, end, strand)

**Examples**

```
bed <- system.file("extdata", "example.bed", package = "dbSequence")
db_path <- tempfile(fileext = ".duckdb")
db_seq <- read_bed(bed, dest = DuckDBFile(db_path), lazy = FALSE)
asRanges(db_seq)
```

---

coerce-methods	<i>Coercion methods between dbSequence and GRanges</i>
----------------	--------------------------------------------------------

---

**Description**

Methods for converting between dbSequence and GRanges objects.

`as(dbSequence, "GRanges")` materializes a dbSequence object into an in-memory GRanges object, triggering data collection from the DuckDB database.

`as(GRanges, "dbSequence")` loads a GRanges object into a DuckDB table and wraps it as dbSequence, enabling lazy evaluation of operations.

**Arguments**

`from`                    Object to convert (dbSequence or GRanges)

**Value**

Converted object (GRanges or dbSequence respectively)

---

<code>compute.dbSequence</code>	<i>Materialize a dbSequence in DuckDB</i>
---------------------------------	-------------------------------------------

---

**Description**

S3 method for `dplyr::compute()` that materializes the underlying lazy query into a DuckDB table, returning a new dbSequence pointing at the computed table.

**Usage**

```
compute.dbSequence(
  x,
  name = tableName(x),
  temporary = TRUE,
  overwrite = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

`x`                        A dbSequence object

`name`                    Character table name to create. Defaults to `tableName(x)`.

`temporary`              Logical, create a temporary table (default: TRUE)

`overwrite`              Logical, overwrite existing table (default: TRUE)

`...`                    Passed to `dplyr::compute()`.

**Value**

A dbSequence object backed by the materialized table.

**Examples**

```
bed <- system.file("extdata", "example.bed", package = "dbSequence")
db_seq <- read_bed(bed)
materialized <- compute.dbSequence(db_seq, name = "bed_materialized")
materialized
```

---

compute_coverage	<i>Compute coverage over a region</i>
------------------	---------------------------------------

---

**Description**

Compute coverage (count of overlapping fragments) in bins across a genomic region. This is useful for visualization and summarizing fragment density.

**Usage**

```
compute_coverage(x, region, window = 100, ...)

## S3 method for class 'dbSequence'
compute_coverage(x, region, window = 100, ...)
```

**Arguments**

x	A dbSequence object
region	A GRanges object or string like "chr1:1000-2000"
window	Bin size in base pairs (default: 100)
...	Additional arguments

**Value**

A data frame with columns: bin\_start, bin\_end, count

**Examples**

```
bed <- system.file("extdata", "example.bed", package = "dbSequence")
fragments <- read_bed(bed)
coverage <- compute_coverage(fragments, "chr1:100-500", window = 100)
coverage
```

---

dbSequence	<i>Constructor for dbSequence objects</i>
------------	-------------------------------------------

---

**Description**

Creates a dbSequence object by wrapping a table name. This is typically called internally by import methods.

**Usage**

```
dbSequence(table_name, file_source = NULL, .conn = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

table_name	(required) character: name of the table in the DuckDB database
file_source	(required) character or DuckDBFile: source file or database
.conn	(optional) DBIConnection: existing connection for in-memory databases (default: NULL)

**Value**

A dbSequence object

**Examples**

```
db_path <- tempfile(fileext = ".duckdb")
con <- DBI::dbConnect(duckdb::duckdb(), dbdir = db_path)
DBI::dbWriteTable(con, "ranges", data.frame(seqnames = "chr1", start = 1, end = 10))
DBI::dbDisconnect(con, shutdown = TRUE)

db_seq <- dbSequence("ranges", DuckDBFile(db_path))
db_seq
```

---

dbSequence-class	<i>dbSequence objects</i>
------------------	---------------------------

---

**Description**

S4 class for genomic sequences stored in DuckDB  
 Extends dbData to wrap genomic data stored in DuckDB tables.

**Slots**

value	dplyr tbl representing the genomic data in the database (inherited from dbData)
name	character table name in database (inherited from dbData)
file_source	character source file path or identifier (immutable after creation)

**Examples**

```
bed <- system.file("extdata", "example.bed", package = "dbSequence")
db_seq <- read_bed(bed)
db_seq
```

---

DuckDBFile

*Constructor for DuckDBFile objects*


---

**Description**

Creates a DuckDBFile object that wraps a file path for DuckDB databases. This is a simple path wrapper following the BiocFile pattern and supports both file paths and in-memory databases.

**Usage**

```
DuckDBFile(resource)
```

**Arguments**

resource (required) character: path to DuckDB file. Can be a file path or ":memory:" for in-memory databases

**Value**

DuckDBFile object containing the path information

**Examples**

```
# Create DuckDBFile for existing database
db_file <- DuckDBFile(tempfile(fileext = ".duckdb"))

# Create DuckDBFile for in-memory database
mem_db <- DuckDBFile(":memory:")
```

---

DuckDBFile-class

*DuckDBFile objects*


---

**Description**

File class for DuckDB database files, extending BiocFile

This mirrors the *File* classes in *rtracklayer*, giving us a concrete object to dispatch `import()` / `export()` methods **to**. Extends BiocFile to be compatible with BiocIO import/export framework.

**Slots**

path Character string specifying the path to the DuckDB database file. Can be a file path or ":memory:" for in-memory databases.

**Examples**

```
db_file <- DuckDBFile(tempfile(fileext = ".duckdb"))
db_file
```

---

fileSource	<i>Accessor for file_source slot</i>
------------	--------------------------------------

---

**Description**

This method prevents modification of the file\_source slot after object creation. The file\_source is set during import and should not be changed to maintain data integrity.

**Usage**

```
fileSource(object)

## S4 method for signature 'dbSequence'
fileSource(object)

fileSource(object) <- value

## S4 replacement method for signature 'dbSequence'
fileSource(object) <- value
```

**Arguments**

object	A dbSequence object
value	New value (will be rejected)

**Value**

The file\_source value  
 Always errors because file sources are immutable after creation.

**Examples**

```
bed <- system.file("extdata", "example.bed", package = "dbSequence")
db_seq <- read_bed(bed)
fileSource(db_seq)
try(fileSource(db_seq) <- "other.bed")
```

```
bed <- system.file("extdata", "example.bed", package = "dbSequence")
db_seq <- read_bed(bed)
try(fileSource(db_seq) <- "other.bed")
```

---

filter\_by\_overlaps      *Filter ranges by overlap*

---

### Description

Filter a dbSequence object to only include ranges that overlap with a set of query ranges. This operation is performed in DuckDB using efficient SQL filtering.

### Usage

```
filter_by_overlaps(x, y, ...)
```

## S3 method for class 'dbSequence'

```
filter_by_overlaps(x, y, ...)
```

### Arguments

x	A dbSequence object
y	A GRanges object or dbSequence object representing query ranges
...	Additional arguments (currently unused)

### Details

Two intervals overlap if: start1 <= end2 AND start2 <= end1 AND chr1 == chr2  
The operation is pushed down to DuckDB, so only matching rows are retrieved.

### Value

A dbSequence object filtered to overlapping ranges

### Examples

```
# Filter fragments to a specific region
bed <- system.file("extdata", "example.bed", package = "dbSequence")
fragments <- read_bed(bed)
region <- GenomicRanges::GRanges("chr1:100-500")
filtered <- filter_by_overlaps(fragments, region)
filtered
```

---

`import,BamFile,missing,ANY-method`  
*Import BAM files into DuckDB*

---

### **Description**

Import BAM files into DuckDB

### **Usage**

```
## S4 method for signature 'BamFile,missing,ANY'  
import(con, format, text, dest, table_name = "bam_data", .conn = NULL, ...)
```

### **Arguments**

<code>con</code>	A file connection object.
<code>format</code>	Import format; unused for these methods.
<code>text</code>	Text input; unused for these methods.
<code>dest</code>	A DuckDBFile destination.
<code>table_name</code>	Table name to create.
<code>.conn</code>	Optional existing DBI connection.
<code>...</code>	Additional arguments.

### **Value**

A `dbSequence` object backed by a DuckDB table.

---

`import,BEDFile,missing,ANY-method`  
*Import BED files into DuckDB*

---

### **Description**

Import BED files into DuckDB

### **Usage**

```
## S4 method for signature 'BEDFile,missing,ANY'  
import(con, format, text, dest, table_name = "bed_data", ...)
```

**Arguments**

con	A file connection object.
format	Import format; unused for these methods.
text	Text input; unused for these methods.
dest	A DuckDBFile destination.
table_name	Table name to create.
...	Additional arguments.

**Value**

A dbSequence object backed by a DuckDB table.

---

`import,character,missing,ANY-method`

*Import character file paths into DuckDB (auto-detect format)*

---

**Description**

Import character file paths into DuckDB (auto-detect format)

**Usage**

```
## S4 method for signature 'character,missing,ANY'
import(con, format, text, dest, table_name = NULL, ...)
```

**Arguments**

con	A file path.
format	Import format; unused for these methods.
text	Text input; unused for these methods.
dest	A DuckDBFile destination.
table_name	Table name to create. If NULL, the file extension is used.
...	Additional arguments.

**Value**

A dbSequence object backed by a DuckDB table.

---

*import,FastaFile,missing,ANY-method*  
*Import FASTA files into DuckDB*

---

**Description**

Import FASTA files into DuckDB

**Usage**

```
## S4 method for signature 'FastaFile,missing,ANY'  
import(con, format, text, dest, table_name = "fasta_data", ...)
```

**Arguments**

con	A file connection object.
format	Import format; unused for these methods.
text	Text input; unused for these methods.
dest	A DuckDBFile destination.
table_name	Table name to create.
...	Additional arguments.

**Value**

A dbSequence object backed by a DuckDB table.

---

*import,GFFFile,missing,ANY-method*  
*Import GFF files into DuckDB*

---

**Description**

Import GFF files into DuckDB

**Usage**

```
## S4 method for signature 'GFFFile,missing,ANY'  
import(con, format, text, dest, table_name = "gff_data", ...)
```

**Arguments**

con	A file connection object.
format	Import format; unused for these methods.
text	Text input; unused for these methods.
dest	A DuckDBFile destination.
table_name	Table name to create.
...	Additional arguments.

**Value**

A dbSequence object backed by a DuckDB table.

---

```
import,GTFFile,missing,ANY-method
      Import GTF files into DuckDB
```

---

**Description**

Import GTF files into DuckDB

**Usage**

```
## S4 method for signature 'GTFFile,missing,ANY'
import(con, format, text, dest, table_name = "gtf_data", ...)
```

**Arguments**

con	A file connection object.
format	Import format; unused for these methods.
text	Text input; unused for these methods.
dest	A DuckDBFile destination.
table_name	Table name to create.
...	Additional arguments.

**Value**

A dbSequence object backed by a DuckDB table.

---

```
import, VcfFile, missing, ANY-method
      Import VCF files into DuckDB
```

---

**Description**

Import VCF files into DuckDB

**Usage**

```
## S4 method for signature 'VcfFile,missing,ANY'
import(con, format, text, dest, table_name = "vcf_data", ...)
```

**Arguments**

con	A file connection object.
format	Import format; unused for these methods.
text	Text input; unused for these methods.
dest	A DuckDBFile destination.
table_name	Table name to create.
...	Additional arguments.

**Value**

A dbSequence object backed by a DuckDB table.

---

```
pool      Pool (aggregate) values by grouping columns
```

---

**Description**

Aggregates values in a lazy database table by grouping columns. This is the database-native equivalent of `dplyr::group_by() + summarise()` but with a simpler interface optimized for common pooling operations.

**Usage**

```
pool(
  x,
  group_by,
  value_col = NULL,
  fun = "sum",
  name = NULL,
  filter_zero = TRUE,
```

```
    temporary = TRUE,
    overwrite = TRUE,
    ...
)

## Default S3 method:
pool(
  x,
  group_by,
  value_col = NULL,
  fun = "sum",
  name = NULL,
  filter_zero = TRUE,
  temporary = TRUE,
  overwrite = TRUE,
  ...
)

## S3 method for class 'tbl_duckdb_connection'
pool(
  x,
  group_by,
  value_col = "x",
  fun = "sum",
  name = NULL,
  filter_zero = TRUE,
  temporary = TRUE,
  overwrite = TRUE,
  ...
)

## S3 method for class 'tbl_dbi'
pool(
  x,
  group_by,
  value_col = "x",
  fun = "sum",
  name = NULL,
  filter_zero = TRUE,
  temporary = TRUE,
  overwrite = TRUE,
  ...
)

## S3 method for class 'dbSequence'
pool(
  x,
  group_by,
```

```

    value_col = "score",
    fun = "sum",
    name = NULL,
    filter_zero = TRUE,
    temporary = TRUE,
    overwrite = TRUE,
    ...
  )

```

### Arguments

x	A dbSequence object, tbl_duckdb_connection, or other lazy table
group_by	Character vector of column names to group by
value_col	Character, the column to aggregate. Default is "score" for dbSequence, "x" for tbl objects.
fun	Character, aggregation function: "sum" (default), "mean", "count", "min", "max"
name	Character, optional name for the resulting computed table. If NULL, returns a lazy query without materializing.
filter_zero	Logical, if TRUE (default) filter out rows where aggregated value == 0
temporary	Logical, if TRUE (default) create a temporary table, otherwise create a permanent table
overwrite	Logical, if TRUE (default) overwrite existing table
...	Additional arguments passed to dplyr::compute()

### Value

Same type as input (lazy, still in database). For dbSequence, returns dbSequence if range columns are preserved, otherwise returns tbl.

### Examples

```

bed <- system.file("extdata", "example.bed", package = "dbSequence")
db_seq <- read_bed(bed)

# Pool feature scores by feature name
pooled <- pool(db_seq, group_by = "name", value_col = "score")
pooled

```

---

read\_bam

*Read a BAM file into DuckDB*


---

### Description

plyranges-style function to read BAM files. Returns a dbSequence object backed by DuckDB.

**Usage**

```
read_bam(file, dest = DuckDBFile(":memory:"), table_name = "alignments", ...)
```

**Arguments**

file	Path to BAM file
dest	DuckDBFile or path: destination database (default: in-memory)
table_name	character: name for the table (default: "alignments")
...	Additional arguments passed to import()

**Value**

A dbSequence object

**Note**

Unlike `plyranges::read_bam` which returns a `DeferredGenomicRanges`, this function immediately imports the BAM data into DuckDB.

**See Also**

[import](#), [BamFile](#)

**Examples**

```
if (nzchar(system.file(package = "exonr"))) {
  bam <- system.file("extdata", "example.bam", package = "dbSequence")
  db_seq <- read_bam(bam, dest = DuckDBFile(tempfile(fileext = ".duckdb")))
  db_seq
}
```

---

read\_bed

*Read a BED file into DuckDB*

---

**Description**

plyranges-style function to read BED files. Unlike the plyranges version which returns `GRanges`, this returns a `dbSequence` object backed by DuckDB for lazy evaluation.

**Usage**

```
read_bed(
  file,
  dest = DuckDBFile(":memory:"),
  table_name = "bed_data",
  lazy = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

file	Path to BED file
dest	DuckDBFile or path: destination database (default: in-memory)
table_name	character: name for the table (default: "bed_data")
lazy	logical: if TRUE (default), do not import/copy the file into a DuckDB table. Instead, return a dbSequence backed by a DuckDB scan query (an inline SQL SELECT over the file). Call <code>dplyr::compute()</code> on the result to materialize when needed.
...	Additional arguments passed to <code>import()</code>

**Value**

A dbSequence object

**See Also**

[import](#), [BEDFile](#)

**Examples**

```
# Read BED file (lazy, stays in DuckDB)
bed <- system.file("extdata", "example.bed", package = "dbSequence")
db_seq <- read_bed(bed)

# Collect to GRanges when needed
gr <- as_granges(db_seq)
```

---

read\_gff

*Read a GFF/GTF file into DuckDB*

---

**Description**

plyranges-style function to read GFF files. Returns a dbSequence object backed by DuckDB.

**Usage**

```
read_gff(
  file,
  dest = DuckDBFile(":memory:"),
  table_name = "gff_data",
  lazy = TRUE,
  ...
)

read_gff3(
```

```

    file,
    dest = DuckDBFile(":memory:"),
    table_name = "gff_data",
    lazy = TRUE,
    ...
  )

```

### Arguments

<code>file</code>	Path to GFF file
<code>dest</code>	DuckDBFile or path: destination database (default: in-memory)
<code>table_name</code>	character: name for the table (default: "gff_data")
<code>lazy</code>	logical: if TRUE (default), do not import/copy the file into a DuckDB table. Instead, return a dbSequence backed by a DuckDB scan query (an inline SQL SELECT over the file). Call <code>dplyr::compute()</code> on the result to materialize when needed.
<code>...</code>	Additional arguments passed to <code>import()</code>

### Value

A dbSequence object

### See Also

[import](#), [GFFFile](#)

### Examples

```

gff <- system.file("extdata", "example.gff3", package = "dbSequence")
db_seq <- read_gff(gff)
db_seq

```

---

read\_vcf

*Read a VCF file into DuckDB*

---

### Description

Read VCF variant files into DuckDB. Returns a dbSequence object.

### Usage

```

read_vcf(
  file,
  dest = DuckDBFile(":memory:"),
  table_name = "variants",
  lazy = TRUE,
  ...
)

```

**Arguments**

file	Path to VCF file
dest	DuckDBFile or path: destination database (default: in-memory)
table_name	character: name for the table (default: "variants")
lazy	logical: if TRUE (default), do not import/copy the file into a DuckDB table. Instead, return a dbSequence backed by a DuckDB scan query (an inline SQL SELECT over the file). Call <code>dplyr::compute()</code> on the result to materialize when needed.
...	Additional arguments passed to <code>import()</code>

**Value**

A dbSequence object

**See Also**

[import](#), [VcfFile](#)

**Examples**

```
vcf <- system.file("extdata", "example.vcf", package = "dbSequence")
db_seq <- read_vcf(vcf)
db_seq
```

---

show,dbSequence-method

*Show method for dbSequence objects*

---

**Description**

Display a summary of the dbSequence object and preview the table data

**Usage**

```
## S4 method for signature 'dbSequence'
show(object)
```

**Arguments**

object	A dbSequence object
--------	---------------------

**Value**

Invisibly returns NULL.

show, DuckDBFile-method

*Show method for DuckDBFile objects*

---

### **Description**

Display information about the DuckDBFile object.

### **Usage**

```
## S4 method for signature 'DuckDBFile'  
show(object)
```

### **Arguments**

object            A DuckDBFile object

### **Value**

Invisibly returns NULL.

---

tableName

*Get table name from dbSequence*

---

### **Description**

Extract the table name from a dbSequence object.

### **Usage**

```
tableName(x)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'dbSequence'  
tableName(x)
```

### **Arguments**

x                    (required) A dbSequence object

### **Value**

character: the table name

**Examples**

```
bed <- system.file("extdata", "example.bed", package = "dbSequence")
db_seq <- read_bed(bed)
tableName(db_seq)
```

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