iCARE (Individualized Coherent Absolute Risk Estimation) Package

September 7, 2024

Load the iCARE library

```
> library(iCARE)
```

Load the breast cancer data and set the seed.

```
> data("bc_data", package="iCARE")
> set.seed(50)
```

Example 1: SNP-only model

In this example, we will estimate the risk of breast cancer in ages 50-80. A SNP-only model is fit, with no specific genotypes supplied for estimation. The population disease rates are from SEER.

```
> res_snps_miss = computeAbsoluteRisk(model.snp.info = bc_72_snps,
+                        model.disease.incidence.rates = bc_inc,
+                        model.competing.incidence.rates = mort_inc,
+                        apply.age.start = 50, apply.age.interval.length = 30,
+                        return.refs.risk = TRUE)
```

```
Note: You did not provide apply.snp.profile.  Will impute SNPs for 10000 people.
If require more, please provide apply.snp.profile input.
[1] "Note: As specified, the model does not adjust SNP imputations for family history."
   user  system elapsed
  7.988   0.733   7.864
```

Compute a summary of the risks.

```
> summary(res_snps_miss$refs.risk)
```

```
   Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.
0.05745 0.08666 0.09494 0.09600 0.10422 0.15882
```

Next, suppose we want to predict risk for three specific women whom we have genotyped; we can then call:

```
> res_snps_dat = computeAbsoluteRisk(model.snp.info = bc_72_snps,
+                       model.disease.incidence.rates = bc_inc,
+                       model.competing.incidence.rates = mort_inc,
+                       apply.age.start = 50, apply.age.interval.length = 30,
+                       apply.snp.profile = new_snp_prof,
+                       return.refs.risk = TRUE)
```

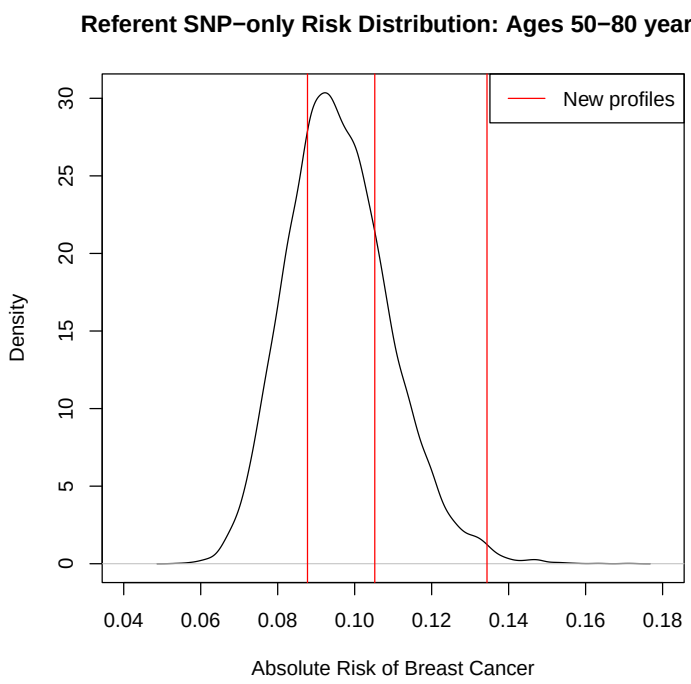
```
[1] "Note: As specified, the model does not adjust SNP imputations for family history."
   user  system elapsed
  0.351   0.373   0.241
```

```
> names(res_snps_dat)
```

```
[1] "risk"      "details"   "beta.used" "refs.risk"
```

These results allow us to create a useful plot showing the distribution of risks in our reference dataset and to add the risks of the three women to see where they fall on the population distribution.

```
> plot(density(res_snps_dat$refs.risk),
+            xlim = c(0.04,0.18), xlab = "Absolute Risk of Breast Cancer",
+            main = "Referent SNP-only Risk Distribution: Ages 50-80 years")
> abline(v = res_snps_dat$risk, col = "red")
> legend("topright", legend = "New profiles", col = "red", lwd = 1)
```



Example 2: Breast cancer risk model with risk-factors and SNPs

In this example, we will estimate the risk of breast cancer in ages 50-80 by fitting a model with classical risk factors and 72 SNPs, with three specific covariate profiles supplied for estimation (with some missing data). More details on risk factors are available in the manual.

```
> res_covs_snps = computeAbsoluteRisk(model.formula = bc_model_formula,
+                                     model.cov.info = bc_model_cov_info,
+                                     model.snp.info = bc_72_snps,
+                                     model.log.RR = bc_model_log_or,
+                                     model.ref.dataset = ref_cov_dat,
+                                     model.disease.incidence.rates = bc_inc,
+                                     model.competing.incidence.rates = mort_inc,
+                                     model.bin.fh.name = "famhist",
+                                     apply.age.start = 50,
+                                     apply.age.interval.length = 30,
+                                     apply.cov.profile = new_cov_prof,
+                                     apply.snp.profile = new_snp_prof,
+                                     return.refs.risk = TRUE)
```

```
   user  system elapsed
  0.631   0.471   0.539
```

In addition to summarizing and plotting the risk estimates, iCARE includes an option to view more detailed output, by calling:

```
> print(res_covs_snps$details)
```

```
  Int_Start Int_End Risk_Estimate rs616488 rs11552449 rs11249433 rs12405132
1        50      80    0.10240752       NA         NA         NA         NA
2        50      80    0.08994616        2          0         NA         NA
3        50      80    0.16910925        2          0          1          1
  rs12048493 rs6678914 rs4245739 rs72755295 rs12710696 rs4849887 rs2016394
1         NA         0         0          0          0         0         0
2         NA        NA        NA         NA          1         1         0
3          1         1         1          0          2         0         0
  rs1550623 rs16857609 rs6762644 rs4973768 rs12493607 rs6796502 rs9790517
1         0          0         0         1          1         0         1
2         0          2         1         1          1         1         2
3         0          0         0         2          1         0         1
  rs6828523 rs10069690 rs13162653 rs2012709 rs10941679 rs10472076 rs1353747
1         0          1          2         0          0          2         0
2         0          0          1         0          0          1         1
3         0          0          1         0          0          0         1
  rs7707921 rs1432679 rs11242675 rs204247 rs9257408 rs4593472 rs720475
1         0         1          2        0         0         1        1
2         0         0          1        2         1         1        0
3         1         2          1        2         1         1        0
  rs9693444 rs13365225 rs6472903 rs2943559 rs13267382 rs11780156 rs1011970
```

```
1         1          1         1         0          0          0         0
2         0          0         1         0          2          1         1
3         1          1         0         0          1          0         0
  rs10759243 rs2380205 rs7072776 rs11814448 rs7904519 rs11199914 rs554219
1          0         2         2          0         0          1        1
2          1         0         0          0         0          0        0
3          1         1         1          0         2          0        1
  rs75915166 rs11820646 rs12422552 rs17356907 rs1292011 rs11571833 rs2236007
1          0          1          1          0         1          0         1
2          0          0          0          0         0          0         0
3          0          1          1          0         2          0         0
  rs2588809 rs999737 rs941764 rs11627032 rs17817449 rs11075995 rs13329835
1         0        0        1          0          1          1          1
2         1        0        0          1          1          1          0
3         0        0        1          0          0          1          1
  rs146699004 rs745570 rs527616 rs1436904 rs6507583 rs4808801 rs3760982
1           0        0        0         0         0         1         0
2           1        2        0         0         0         1         1
3           1        2        1         1         0         1         1
  rs2284378 rs2823093 rs17879961 rs132390 rs6001930 famhist menarche_dec parity
1         1         1          0        0         0       0            8      0
2         1         0          0        0         0       0           10      0
3         0         0          0        0         0       0            1      0
  birth_dec agemeno_dec height_dec bmi_dec rd_menohrt rd2_everhrt_e
1         2           2          6      10          1             0
2         2           1          6       4          1             0
3         1           7          1      10          1             0
  rd2_everhrt_c rd2_currhrt alcoholdweek_dec ever_smoke
1             0           0                1          1
2             0           0                6          0
3             0           0                1          1
```

Illustration of the validation component

We want to validate a model for predicting absolute risk of disease based on a combined model of classical risk factors and 72 SNPs using the nested case-control dataset.

The first step is to compute sampling weights. We fit a logistic regression model of inclusion depending on the case/control status, age of study entry and observed followup using the R function **glm**, as shown below:

```
> validation.cohort.data$inclusion = 0
> subjects_included = intersect(validation.cohort.data$id,
+                               validation.nested.case.control.data$id)
> validation.cohort.data$inclusion[subjects_included] = 1
> validation.cohort.data$observed.followup =
+                          validation.cohort.data$study.exit.age -
+                               validation.cohort.data$study.entry.age
> selection.model = glm(inclusion ~ observed.outcome
+                         * (study.entry.age + observed.followup),
```

```
+                                data = validation.cohort.data,
+                                family = binomial(link = "logit"))
> validation.nested.case.control.data$sampling.weights =
+         selection.model$fitted.values[validation.cohort.data$inclusion == 1]
```

The next step is to call the **ModelValidation** function to implement the validation analysis.

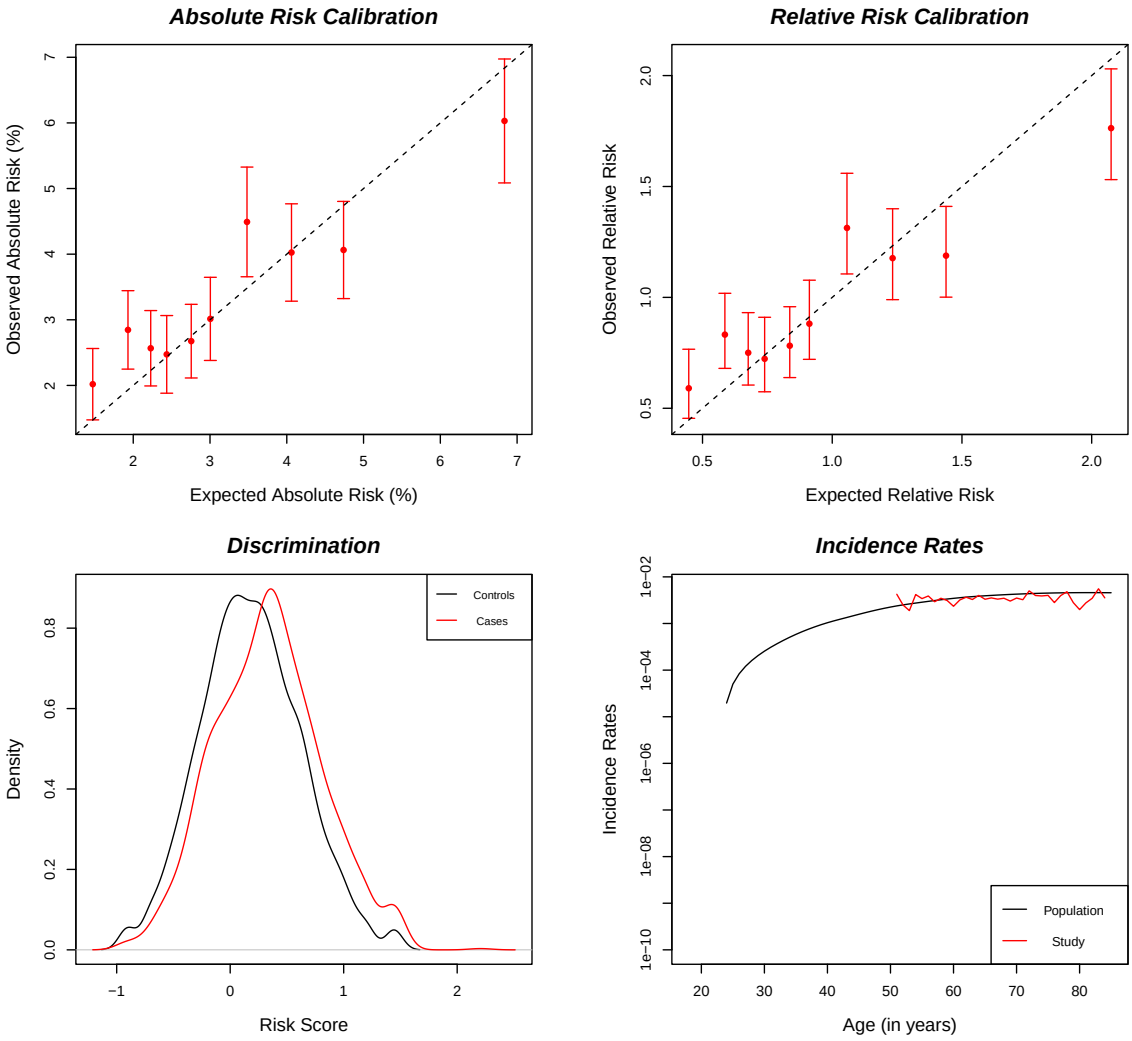
```
> data = validation.nested.case.control.data
> risk.model = list(model.formula = bc_model_formula,
+                    model.cov.info = bc_model_cov_info,
+                    model.snp.info = bc_72_snps,
+                    model.log.RR = bc_model_log_or,
+                    model.ref.dataset = ref_cov_dat,
+                    model.ref.dataset.weights = NULL,
+                    model.disease.incidence.rates = bc_inc,
+                    model.competing.incidence.rates = mort_inc,
+                    model.bin.fh.name = "famhist",
+                    apply.cov.profile = data[,all.vars(bc_model_formula)[-1]],
+                    apply.snp.profile = data[,bc_72_snps$snp.name],
+                    n.imp = 5, use.c.code = 1, return.lp = TRUE,
+                    return.refs.risk = TRUE)
> output = ModelValidation(study.data = data,
+                          total.followup.validation = TRUE,
+                          predicted.risk.interval = NULL,
+                          iCARE.model.object = risk.model,
+                          number.of.percentiles = 10)
```

```
   user  system elapsed
 77.932   0.430  77.860
```

We can also produce a set of useful plots showing the results of the validation analysis.

```
> plotModelValidation(study.data = data,validation.results = output)
```

```
NULL
```



Dataset: Example Dataset

Model Name: Example Model

Risk Prediction Interval: Observed Followup

Number of subjects (cases): 5285 (1251)

Follow−up time (years) [mean,range]: [9.706 , (5 , 13)]

Baseline age (years) [mean,range]: [62.556 , (50 , 72)]

E/O [Estimate, 95% CI]: [0.967 , (0.908 , 1.03)]

Absolute Risk Calibration	Relative Risk Calibration	Model Discrimination
HL Test, df: 25.925 , 10	Test, df: 35.528 , 9	AUC est: 0.587
p−value: 3.842949e−03	p−value: 4.807e−05	95% CI: (0.568 , 0.605)

Session Information

```
> sessionInfo()

R version 4.4.1 (2024-06-14)
Platform: x86_64-pc-linux-gnu
Running under: Ubuntu 24.04.1 LTS

Matrix products: default
BLAS:   /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/openblas-pthread/libblas.so.3
LAPACK: /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/openblas-pthread/libopenblasp-r0.3.26.so;  LAPACK versio

locale:
 [1] LC_CTYPE=en_US.UTF-8       LC_NUMERIC=C
 [3] LC_TIME=en_US.UTF-8        LC_COLLATE=C
 [5] LC_MONETARY=en_US.UTF-8    LC_MESSAGES=en_US.UTF-8
 [7] LC_PAPER=en_US.UTF-8       LC_NAME=C
 [9] LC_ADDRESS=C               LC_TELEPHONE=C
[11] LC_MEASUREMENT=en_US.UTF-8 LC_IDENTIFICATION=C

time zone: Etc/UTC
tzcode source: system (glibc)

attached base packages:
[1] stats     graphics  grDevices utils     datasets  methods   base

other attached packages:
[1] iCARE_1.33.1  Hmisc_5.1-3   gtools_3.9.5  plotrix_3.8-4

loaded via a namespace (and not attached):
 [1] gtable_0.3.5      compiler_4.4.1    rpart_4.1.23      htmlTable_2.4.3
 [5] stringr_1.5.1     gridExtra_2.3     cluster_2.1.6     scales_1.3.0
 [9] fastmap_1.2.0     ggplot2_3.5.1     R6_2.5.1          Formula_1.2-5
[13] knitr_1.48        htmlwidgets_1.6.4 backports_1.5.0   checkmate_2.3.2
[17] tibble_3.2.1      maketools_1.3.0   munsell_0.5.1     nnet_7.3-19
[21] pillar_1.9.0      rlang_1.1.4       utf8_1.2.4        stringi_1.8.4
[25] xfun_0.47         sys_3.4.2         cli_3.6.3         magrittr_2.0.3
[29] digest_0.6.37     grid_4.4.1        rstudioapi_0.16.0 base64enc_0.1-3
[33] lifecycle_1.0.4   vctrs_0.6.5       data.table_1.16.0 evaluate_0.24.0
[37] glue_1.7.0        buildtools_1.0.0  fansi_1.0.6       colorspace_2.1-1
[41] rmarkdown_2.28    foreign_0.8-87    tools_4.4.1       pkgconfig_2.0.3
[45] htmltools_0.5.8.1
```