# Package: EpiCompare (via r-universe)

July 22, 2024

Type Package

Title Comparison, Benchmarking & QC of Epigenomic Datasets

Version 1.9.2

Description EpiCompare is used to compare and analyse epigenetic datasets for quality control and benchmarking purposes. The package outputs an HTML report consisting of three sections: (1. General metrics) Metrics on peaks (percentage of blacklisted and non-standard peaks, and peak widths) and fragments (duplication rate) of samples, (2. Peak overlap) Percentage and statistical significance of overlapping and non-overlapping peaks. Also includes upset plot and (3. Functional annotation) functional annotation (ChromHMM, ChIPseeker and enrichment analysis) of peaks. Also includes peak enrichment around TSS.

License GPL-3

URL https://github.com/neurogenomics/EpiCompare

BugReports https://github.com/neurogenomics/EpiCompare/issues

**Depends** R (>= 4.2.0)

**Imports** AnnotationHub, BRGenomics, ChIPseeker, data.table, genomation, GenomicRanges, IRanges, GenomeInfoDb, ggplot2 (>= 3.5.0), htmltools, methods, plotly, reshape2, rmarkdown, rtracklayer, stats, stringr, utils, BiocGenerics, downloadthis, parallel

Suggests rworkflows, BiocFileCache, BiocParallel, BiocStyle,

clusterProfiler, GenomicAlignments, grDevices, knitr,

org.Hs.eg.db, testthat ( $\geq$  3.0.0), tidyr,

TxDb.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19.knownGene,

TxDb.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg38.knownGene,

TxDb.Mmusculus.UCSC.mm9.knownGene,

TxDb.Mmusculus.UCSC.mm10.knownGene,

BSgenome. Hsapiens. UCSC. hg19, BSgenome. Hsapiens. UCSC. hg38,

BSgenome.Mmusculus.UCSC.mm9, BSgenome.Mmusculus.UCSC.mm10,

ComplexUpset, plyranges, scales, Matrix, consensusSeekeR,

heatmaply, viridis

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VignetteBuilder knitr
<b>biocViews</b> Epigenetics, Genetics, QualityControl, ChIPSeq, MultipleComparison, FunctionalGenomics, ATACSeq, DNaseSeq
Config/testthat/edition 3
Encoding UTF-8
LazyData FALSE
RoxygenNote 7.3.1
Repository https://bioc.r-universe.dev
RemoteUrl https://github.com/bioc/EpiCompare
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<b>RemoteSha</b> f2861e8f3da2fa9211d25f53693365b51fc87248

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bpplapply

Wrapper for bplapply

# Description

Wrapper function for bplapply that automatically handles issues with **BiocParallel** related to different OS platforms.

# Usage

```
bpplapply(
   X,
   FUN,
   apply_fun = parallel::mclapply,
   workers = check_workers(),
   progressbar = workers > 1,
   verbose = workers == 1,
   use_snowparam = TRUE,
   register_now = FALSE,
   ...
)
```

# Arguments

Χ	Any object for which methods length, [, and [[ are implemented.
FUN	The function to be applied to each element of X.
apply_fun	Iterator function to use.
workers	Number of threads to parallelize across.
progressbar	logical(1) Enable progress bar (based on plyr:::progress_text).
verbose	Print messages.
use_snowparam	Whether to use SnowParam (default: TRUE) or MulticoreParam (FALSE) when parallelising across multiple workers.
register_now	Register the cores now with register (TRUE), or simply return the BPPARAM object (default: FALSE).
	Arguments passed on to BiocParallel::bplapply

check\_workers

BPPARAM An optional BiocParallelParam instance determining the parallel back-end to be used during evaluation, or a list of BiocParallelParam instances, to be applied in sequence for nested calls to **BiocParallel** functions.

BPREDO A list of output from bplapply with one or more failed elements. When a list is given in BPREDO, bpok is used to identify errors, tasks are rerun and inserted into the original results.

BPOPTIONS Additional options to control the behavior of the parallel evaluation, see bpoptions.

### Value

(Named) list.

### **Examples**

```
X <- stats::setNames(seq_len(length(letters)), letters)
out <- bpplapply(X, print)</pre>
```

check\_workers

Check workers

### **Description**

Assign parallel worker cores.

### Usage

```
check_workers(workers = NULL)
```

### **Arguments**

workers

Number of cores to parallelise across (in applicable functions). If NULL, will set to the total number of available cores minus 1.

### Value

Integer

# **Examples**

```
workers <- check_workers()</pre>
```

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CnR\_H3K27ac

Example CUT&Run peak file

### **Description**

Human H3K27ac peak file generated with CUT&Run using K562 cell-line from Meers et al., (2019). Human genome build hg19 was used. Raw peak file (.BED) was obtained from GEO (https://trace.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Traces/sra/?run=SRR8581604). Peak calling was performed by Leyla Abbasova using MACS2. The peak file was then processed into GRanges object. Peaks located on chromosome 1 were subsetted to reduce the dataset size.

### Usage

```
data("CnR_H3K27ac")
```

#### **Format**

An object of class GRanges of length 2707.

### Source

The code to prepare the .Rda file from the raw peak file is:

```
# sequences were directly downloaded from https://trace.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Traces/sra/?run=SRR8581604
# and peaks (BED file) were generated by Leyla Abbasova (Neurogenomics Lab, Imperial College
London)
CnR_H3K27ac <- ChIPseeker::readPeakFile("path", as = "GRanges")
CnR_H3K27ac <- CnR_H3K27ac[seqnames(CnR_H3K27ac)== "chr1"]</pre>
```

```
my_label <-c("name", "score", "strand", "signalValue", "pValue", "qValue", "peak")
colnames(GenomicRanges::mcols(CnR_H3K27ac)) <- my_label</pre>
```

usethis::use\_data(CnR\_H3K27ac, overwrite = TRUE)

CnR\_H3K27ac\_picard

Example Picard duplication metrics file 2

### **Description**

Duplication metrics output on CUT&Run H3K27ac file (sample accession: SRR8581604). Raw sequences were aligned to hg19 genome and after, Picard was performed by Leyla Abbasova. The duplication summary output generated by Picard was processed to reduce the size of data.

```
data("CnR_H3K27ac_picard")
```

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#### **Format**

An object of class data. frame with 1 rows and 10 columns.

### **Source**

```
The code to prepare the .Rda file is:
```

```
picard <- read.table("path/to/picard/duplication/output",header = TRUE, fill = TRUE)
CnR_H3K27ac_picard <- picard[1,]
usethis::use_data(CnR_H3K27ac_picard, overwrite = TRUE)</pre>
```

CnT\_H3K27ac

Example CUT&Tag peak file

### **Description**

Human H3K27ac peak file generated with CUT&Tag using K562 cell-line from Kaya-Okur et al., (2019). Human genome build hg19 was used. Raw peak file (.BED) was obtained from GEO (https://trace.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Traces/sra/?run=SRR8383507). Peak calling was performed by Leyla Abbasova using MACS2. The peak file was then imported as an GRanges object. Peaks located on chromosome 1 were subsetted to reduce the dataset size.

### Usage

```
data("CnT_H3K27ac")
```

### **Format**

An object of class GRanges of length 1670.

usethis::use\_data(CnT\_H3K27ac)

#### Source

The code to prepare the .Rda file from the raw peak file is:

```
# sequences were directly downloaded from https://trace.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Traces/sra/?run=SRR8383507
# and peaks (BED file) were generated by Leyla Abbasova (Neurogenomics Lab, Imperial College
London)
CnT_H3K27ac <- ChIPseeker::readPeakFile("path", as = "GRanges")
CnT_H3K27ac <- CnT_H3K27ac[seqnames(CnT_H3K27ac)== "chr1"]
my_label <-c("name", "score", "strand", "signalValue", "pValue", "qValue", "peak")
colnames(GenomicRanges::mcols(CnT_H3K27ac)) <- my_label</pre>
```

CnT\_H3K27ac\_picard

Example Picard duplication metrics file 1

# **Description**

Duplication metrics output of CUT&Tag H3K27ac file (sample accession: SRR8581604). Raw sequences were aligned to hg19 genome and Picard was performed by Leyla Abbasova. The duplication summary output generated by Picard was processed to reduce the size of data.

### Usage

```
data("CnT_H3K27ac_picard")
```

### **Format**

An object of class data. frame with 1 rows and 10 columns.

#### **Source**

The code to prepare the .Rda file is:

```
picard <- read.table("path/to/picard/duplication/output",header = TRUE, fill = TRUE)]
CnT_H3K27ac_picard <- picard[1,]
usethis::use_data(CnT_H3K27ac_picard, overwrite = TRUE)</pre>
```

compute\_consensus\_peaks

Compute consensus peaks

# Description

Compute consensus peaks from a list of GRanges.

```
compute_consensus_peaks(
  grlist,
  groups = NULL,
  genome_build,
  lower = 2,
  upper = Inf,
  min.gapwidth = 1L,
  method = c("granges", "consensusseeker"),
  ...
)
```

### **Arguments**

grlist Named list of GRanges objects.

groups A character vector of the same length as grlist defining how to group GRanges

objects when computing consensus peaks.

genome\_build Genome build name.

lower, upper The lower and upper bounds for the slice.

min.gapwidth Ranges separated by a gap of at least min.gapwidth positions are not merged.

method Method to call peaks with:

 "granges": Simple overlap procedure using GRanges functions. Faster but less accurate.

• "consensusseeker": Uses findConsensusPeakRegions to compute consensus peaks. Slower but more accurate.

Arguments passed on to consensusSeekeR::findConsensusPeakRegions

narrowPeaks a GRanges containing called peak regions of signal enrichment based on pooled, normalized data for all analyzed experiments. All GRanges entries must have a metadata field called "name" which identifies the region to the called peak. All GRanges entries must also have a row name which identifies the experiment of origin. Each peaks entry must have an associated narrowPeaks entry. A GRanges entry is associated to a narrowPeaks entry by having a identical metadata "name" field and a identical row name.

peaks a GRanges containing called peaks of signal enrichment based on pooled, normalized data for all analyzed experiments. All GRanges entries must have a metadata field called "name" which identifies the called peak. All GRanges entries must have a row name which identifies the experiment of origin. Each peaks entry must have an associated narrowPeaks entry. A GRanges entry is associated to a narrowPeaks entry by having a identical metadata "name" field and a identical row name.

chrInfo a Seqinfo containing the name and the length of the chromosomes to analyze. Only the chomosomes contained in this Seqinfo will be analyzed.

extendingSize a numeric value indicating the size of padding on both sides of the position of the peaks median to create the consensus region. The minimum size of the consensus region is equal to twice the value of the extendingSize parameter. The size of the extendingSize must be a positive integer. Default = 250.

expandToFitPeakRegion a logical indicating if the region size, which is set by the extendingSize parameter is extended to include the entire narrow peak regions of all peaks included in the unextended consensus region. The narrow peak regions of the peaks added because of the extension are not considered for the extension. Default: FALSE.

shrinkToFitPeakRegion a logical indicating if the region size, which is set by the extendingSize parameter is shrinked to fit the narrow peak regions of the peaks when all those regions are smaller than the consensus region. Default: FALSE.

minNbrExp a positive numeric or a positive integer indicating the minimum number of experiments in which at least one peak must be present for a

. . .

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potential consensus region. The numeric must be a positive integer inferior or equal to the number of experiments present in the narrowPeaks and peaks parameters. Default = 1.

nbrThreads a numeric or a integer indicating the number of threads to use in parallel. The nbrThreads must be a positive integer. Default = 1.

### **Details**

*NOTE:* If you get the error "Error in serialize(data, node\$con): error writing to connection", try running closeAllConnections and rerun compute\_consensus\_peaks. This error can sometimes occur when compute\_consensus\_peaks has been disrupted partway through.

#### Value

Named list of consensus peak GRanges.

#### **Source**

GenomicRanges tutorial consensusSeekeR

### **Examples**

compute\_corr

Compute correlation matrix

### **Description**

Compute correlation matrix on all peak files.

```
compute_corr(
  peakfiles,
  reference = NULL,
  genome_build,
  keep_chr = NULL,
  drop_empty_chr = FALSE,
```

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```
bin_size = 5000,
 method = "spearman",
  intensity_cols = c("total_signal", "qValue", "Peak Score", "score"),
  return_bins = FALSE,
  fill_diag = NA,
 workers = check_workers(),
 save_path = tempfile(fileext = ".corr.csv.gz")
)
```

#### **Arguments**

peakfiles

A list of peak files as GRanges object and/or as paths to BED files. If paths are provided, EpiCompare imports the file as GRanges object. EpiCompare also accepts a list containing a mix of GRanges objects and paths. Files must be listed and named using list(). E.g. list("name1"=file1, "name2"=file2). If no names are specified, default file names will be assigned.

reference

A named list containing reference peak file(s) as GRanges object. Please ensure that the reference file is listed and named i.e. list("reference\_name" = reference\_peak). If more than one reference is specified, individual reports for each reference will be generated. However, please note that specifying more than one reference can take awhile. If a reference is specified, it enables two analyses: (1) plot showing statistical significance of overlapping/nonoverlapping peaks; and (2) ChromHMM of overlapping/non-overlapping peaks.

genome\_build

The build of \*\*all\*\* peak and reference files to calculate the correlation matrix on. If all peak and reference files are not of the same build use liftover grlist to convert them all before running. Genome build should be one of hg19, hg38, mm9, mm10.

keep\_chr

Which chromosomes to keep.

drop\_empty\_chr Drop chromosomes that are not present in any of the peakfiles (default: FALSE).

bin\_size

Default of 100. Base-pair size of the bins created to measure correlation. Use smaller value for higher resolution but longer run time and larger memory usage.

method

Default spearman (i.e. non-parametric). A character string indicating which correlation coefficient (or covariance) is to be computed. One of "pearson", "kendall", or "spearman": can be abbreviated.

intensity\_cols Depending on which columns are present, this value will be used to get quantiles and ultimately calculate the correlations:

- "total signal": Used by the peak calling software SEACR. NOTE: Another SEACR column (e.g. "max\_signal") can be used together or instead of "total signal".
- "qValue"Used by the peak calling software MACS2/3. Should contain the negative log of the p-values after multiple testing correction.
- "Peak Score": Used by the peak calling software HOMER.

return\_bins

If TRUE, returns a named list with both the rebinned (standardised) peaks ("bin") and the correlation matrix ("cor"). If FALSE (default), returns only the correlation matrix (unlisted).

fill\_diag

Fill the diagonal of the overlap matrix.

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workers Number of threads to parallelize across.

save\_path Path to save a table of correlation results to.

#### Value

correlation matrix

### **Examples**

download\_button

Download local file

# Description

Save an object as RDS and create a download button that can be rendered to Rmarkdown HTML pages. Uses the package **downloadthis**.

```
download_button(
  object,
  save_output = FALSE,
  outfile_dir = NULL,
  filename = NULL,
  button_label = paste0("Download: ", "<code>", filename, "</code>"),
  output_extension = ".rds",
  icon = "fa fa-save",
  button_type = "success",
  self_contained = TRUE,
  add_download_button = TRUE,
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

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### **Arguments**

object R object to serialize.

save\_output Default FALSE. If TRUE, all outputs (tables and plots) of the analysis will be

saved in a folder (EpiCompare\_file).

outfile\_dir Directory to save the file to.
filename Name of the file to save.

button\_label Character (HTML), button label

output\_extension

Extension of the output file. Currently, .csv, .xlsx, and .rds are supported. If a (named) list is passed to the function, only .xlsx and .rds are supported.

icon Fontawesome tag e.g.: "fa fa-save"

button\_type Character, one of the standard Bootstrap types

self\_contained A boolean to specify whether your HTML output is self-contained. Default to

FALSE.

add\_download\_button

Add download buttons for each plot or dataset.

verbose Print messages.

#### Value

Download button as HTML text.

#### Source

csv2 Issue.

Plotly Issue

### **Examples**

button <- download\_button(object=mtcars)</pre>

encode\_H3K27ac

Example ChIP-seq peak file

# Description

Human H3K27ac peak file generated with ChIP-seq using K562 cell-line. Human genome build hg19 was used. The peak file (.BED) was obtained from ENCODE project (https://www.encodeproject.org/files/ENCFF044JNJ/). The BED file was then imported as an GRanges object. Peaks located on chromosome 1 were subsetted to reduce the dataset size.

```
data("encode_H3K27ac")
```

### **Format**

An object of class GRanges of length 5142.

#### Source

```
The code to prepare the .Rda file from the raw peak file is:

# dataset was directly downloaded from

# https://www.encodeproject.org/files/ENCFF044JNJ/encode_H3K27ac <- ChIPseeker::readPeakFile("path", as = "GRanges")

encode_H3K27ac <-encode_H3K27ac[seqnames(encode_H3K27ac) == "chr1"]

my_label <- c("name", "score", "strand", "signalValue", "pValue", "qValue", "peak")

colnames(GenomicRanges::mcols(encode_H3K27ac)) <- my_label
```

EpiCompare

Compare epigenomic datasets

usethis::use\_data(encode\_H3K27ac, overwrite = TRUE)

### **Description**

This function compares and analyses multiple epigenomic datasets and outputs an HTML report containing all results of the analysis. The report is mainly divided into three sections: (1) General Metrics on Peakfiles, (2) Peak Overlaps and (3) Functional Annotation of Peaks.

```
EpiCompare(
  peakfiles,
  genome_build,
  genome_build_output = "hg19",
  blacklist = NULL,
  picard_files = NULL,
  reference = NULL,
  upset_plot = FALSE,
  stat_plot = FALSE,
  chromHMM_plot = FALSE,
  chromHMM_annotation = "K562",
  chipseeker_plot = FALSE,
  enrichment_plot = FALSE,
  tss_plot = FALSE,
  tss_distance = c(-3000, 3000),
  precision_recall_plot = FALSE,
  n_{threshold} = 20,
  corr_plot = FALSE,
  bin_size = 5000,
  interact = TRUE,
```

```
add_download_button = FALSE,
    save_output = FALSE,
    output_filename = "EpiCompare",
    output_timestamp = FALSE,
    output_dir,
    display = NULL,
    run_all = FALSE,
    workers = 1,
    quiet = FALSE,
    error = FALSE,
    debug = FALSE
```

### **Arguments**

peakfiles

A list of peak files as GRanges object and/or as paths to BED files. If paths are provided, EpiCompare imports the file as GRanges object. EpiCompare also accepts a list containing a mix of GRanges objects and paths. Files must be listed and named using list(). E.g. list("name1"=file1, "name2"=file2). If no names are specified, default file names will be assigned.

genome\_build

A named list indicating the human genome build used to generate each of the following inputs:

- "peakfiles": Genome build for the peakfiles input. Assumes genome build is the same for each element in the peakfiles list.
- "reference": Genome build for the reference input.
- "blacklist": Genome build for the blacklist input.

Example input list:

```
genome_build = list(peakfiles="hg38", reference="hg19", blacklist="hg19")
```

Alternatively, you can supply a single character string instead of a list. This should *only* be done in situations where all three inputs (peakfiles, reference, blacklist) are of the same genome build. For example:

```
genome_build = "hg19"
```

genome\_build\_output

Genome build to standardise all inputs to. Liftovers will be performed automatically as needed. Default: "hg19".

blacklist

A GRanges object containing blacklisted genomic regions. Blacklists included in **EpiCompare** are:

- NULL (default): Automatically selects the appropriate blacklist based on the genome\_build\_output argument.
- "hg19\_blacklist": Regions of hg19 genome that have anomalous and/or unstructured signals. hg19\_blacklist
- "hg38\_blacklist": Regions of hg38 genome that have anomalous and/or unstructured signals. hg38\_blacklist
- "mm10\_blacklist": Regions of mm10 genome that have anomalous and/or unstructured signals. mm10\_blacklist

- "mm9\_blacklist": Blacklisted regions of mm10 genome that have been lifted over from mm10\_blacklist. mm9\_blacklist
- <user\_input>: A custom user-provided blacklist in GRanges format.

picard\_files

A list of summary metrics output from Picard. Files must be in data.frame format and listed using list() and named using names(). To import Picard duplication metrics (.txt file) into R as data frame, use:

picard <- read.table("/path/to/picard/output", header = TRUE, fill =
TRUE).</pre>

reference

A named list containing reference peak file(s) as GRanges object. Please ensure that the reference file is listed and named i.e. list("reference\_name" = reference\_peak). If more than one reference is specified, individual reports for each reference will be generated. However, please note that specifying more than one reference can take awhile. If a reference is specified, it enables two analyses: (1) plot showing statistical significance of overlapping/non-overlapping peaks; and (2) ChromHMM of overlapping/non-overlapping peaks.

upset\_plot

Default FALSE. If TRUE, the report includes upset plot of overlapping peaks.

stat\_plot

Default FALSE. If TRUE, the function creates a plot showing the statistical significance of overlapping/non-overlapping peaks. Reference peak file must be provided.

chromHMM\_plot

Default FALSE. If TRUE, the function outputs ChromHMM heatmap of individual peak files. If a reference peak file is provided, ChromHMM annotation of overlapping and non-overlapping peaks is also provided.

chromHMM\_annotation

ChromHMM annotation for ChromHMM plots. Default K562 cell-line. Cell-line options are:

- "K562" = K-562 cells
- "Gm12878" = Cellosaurus cell-line GM12878
- "H1hesc" = H1 Human Embryonic Stem Cell
- "Hepg2" = Hep G2 cell
- "Hmec" = Human Mammary Epithelial Cell
- "Hsmm" = Human Skeletal Muscle Myoblasts
- "Huvec" = Human Umbilical Vein Endothelial Cells
- "Nhek" = Normal Human Epidermal Keratinocytes
- "Nhlf" = Normal Human Lung Fibroblasts

chipseeker\_plot

Default FALSE. If TRUE, the report includes a barplot of ChIPseeker annotation of peak files.

enrichment\_plot

Default FALSE. If TRUE, the report includes dotplots of KEGG and GO enrichment analysis of peak files.

tss\_plot

Default FALSE. If TRUE, the report includes peak count frequency around transcriptional start site. Note that this can take awhile.

tss\_distance

A vector specifying the distance upstream and downstream around transcription start sites (TSS). The default value is c(-3000, 3000); meaning peak frequency 3000bp upstream and downstream of TSS will be displayed.

precision\_recall\_plot

Default is FALSE. If TRUE, creates a precision-recall curve plot and an F1 plot

using plot\_precision\_recall.

n\_threshold Number of thresholds to test.

corr\_plot Default is FALSE. If TRUE, creates a correlation plot across all peak files using

plot\_corr.

bin\_size Default of 100. Base-pair size of the bins created to measure correlation. Use

smaller value for higher resolution but longer run time and larger memory usage.

interact Default TRUE. By default, plots are interactive. If set FALSE, all plots in the

report will be static.

add\_download\_button

Add download buttons for each plot or dataset.

save\_output Default FALSE. If TRUE, all outputs (tables and plots) of the analysis will be

saved in a folder (EpiCompare\_file).

output\_filename

Default EpiCompare.html. If otherwise, the html report will be saved in the

specified name.

output\_timestamp

Default FALSE. If TRUE, date will be included in the file name.

output\_dir Path to where output HTML file should be saved.

display After completion, automatically display the HTML report file in one of the fol-

lowing ways:

• "browser": Display the report in your default web browser.

• "rsstudio" : Display the report in Rstudio.

• NULL (default): Do not display the report.

run\_all Convenience argument that enables all plots/features (without specifying each

argument manually) by overriding the default values. Default: FALSE.

workers Number of threads to parallelize across.

quiet An option to suppress printing during rendering from knitr, pandoc command

line and others. To only suppress printing of the last "Output created: " message,

you can set rmarkdown.render.message to FALSE

error If TRUE, the Rmarkdown report will continue to render even when some chunks

encounter errors (default: FALSE). Passed to opts\_chunk.

debug Run in debug mode, where are messages and warnings are printed within the

HTML report (default: FALSE).

# Value

Path to one or more HTML report files.

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### **Examples**

```
### Load Data ###
data("encode_H3K27ac") # example dataset as GRanges object
data("CnT_H3K27ac") # example dataset as GRanges object
data("CnR_H3K27ac") # example dataset as GRanges object
data("CnT_H3K27ac_picard") # example Picard summary output
data("CnR_H3K27ac_picard") # example Picard summary output
#### Prepare Input ####
# create named list of peakfiles
peakfiles <- list(CnR=CnR_H3K27ac, CnT=CnT_H3K27ac)</pre>
# create named list of picard outputs
picard_files <- list(CnR=CnR_H3K27ac_picard, CnT=CnT_H3K27ac_picard)</pre>
# reference peak file
reference <- list("ENCODE" = encode_H3K27ac)</pre>
### Run EpiCompare ###
output_html <- EpiCompare(peakfiles = peakfiles,</pre>
           genome_build = list(peakfiles="hg19",
                                reference="hg19"),
           picard_files = picard_files,
           reference = reference,
           output_filename = "EpiCompare_test",
           output_dir = tempdir())
# utils::browseURL(output_html)
```

fragment\_info

Summary on fragments

### **Description**

This function outputs a summary on fragments using metrics generated by Picard. Provides the number of mapped fragments, duplication rate and number of unique fragments.

#### **Usage**

```
fragment_info(picard_list)
```

### **Arguments**

picard\_list

Named list of duplication metrics generated by Picard as data frame. Data frames must be named and listed using list(). e.g. list("name1"=file1, "name2"=file2). To import Picard duplication metrics (.txt file) into R as data frame, use picard <- read.table("/path/to/picard/output", header = TRUE, fill = TRUE).

### Value

A table summarizing metrics on fragments.

18 gather\_files

### **Examples**

gather\_files

Gather files

### **Description**

Recursively find peak/picard files stored within subdirectories and import them as a list of GRanges objects.

### Usage

```
gather_files(
   dir,
   type = "peaks.stringent",
   nfcore_cutandrun = FALSE,
   return_paths = FALSE,
   rbind_list = FALSE,
   workers = check_workers(),
   verbose = TRUE
)
```

#### **Arguments**

dir

Directory to search within.

type

File type to search for. Options include:

- "<pattern>"Finds files matching an arbitrary regex pattern specified by user.
- "peaks.stringent"Finds files ending in "\*.stringent.bed\$"
- "peaks.consensus"Finds files ending in "\*.consensus.peaks.bed\$"
- "peaks.consensus.filtered" Finds files ending in"\*.consensus.peaks.filtered.awk.bed\$"
- "picard"Finds files ending in "\*.target.markdup.MarkDuplicates.metrics.txt\$"

nfcore\_cutandrun

Whether the files were generated by the nf-core/cutandrun Nextflow pipeline. If TRUE, can use the standardised folder structure to automatically generate more descriptive file names with sample IDs.

group\_files 19

return\_paths Return only the file paths without actually reading them in as GRanges.

rbind\_list Bind all objects into one.

workers Number of cores to parallelise across (in applicable functions). If NULL, will set

to the total number of available cores minus 1.

verbose Print messages.

### **Details**

For "peaks.stringent" files called with SEACR, column names will be automatically added:

- total\_signal: Total signal contained within denoted coordinates.
- max\_signalMaximum bedgraph signal attained at any base pair within denoted coordinates.
- max\_signal\_region Region representing the farthest upstream and farthest downstream bases within the denoted coordinates that are represented by the maximum bedgraph signal.

#### Value

A named list of GRanges objects.

### **Examples**

group\_files

Group files

# **Description**

Assign group names to each file in a named list based on a series of string searches based on combinations of relevant metadata factors.

#### Usage

```
group_files(peakfiles, searches)
```

### Arguments

peakfiles A list of peak files as GRanges object and/or as paths to BED files. If paths

are provided, EpiCompare imports the file as GRanges object. EpiCompare also accepts a list containing a mix of GRanges objects and paths. Files must be listed and named using list(). E.g. list("name1"=file1, "name2"=file2). If no

names are specified, default file names will be assigned.

searches A named list of substrings to group peakfiles by.

20 hg19\_blacklist

### Value

Named peak files

### **Examples**

hg19\_blacklist

Human genome hg19 blacklisted regions

### **Description**

Obtained from https://www.encodeproject.org/files/ENCFF001TD0/. The ENCODE black-list includes regions of the hg19 genome that have anomalous and/or unstructured signals independent of the cell-line or experiment. Removal of ENCODE blacklist is recommended for quality measure.

### Usage

```
data("hg19_blacklist")
```

#### **Format**

An object of class GRanges of length 411.

### Source

The code to prepare the .Rda file is:

```
# blacklisted regions were directly downloaded
# from https://www.encodeproject.org/files/ENCFF001TDO/
hg19_blacklist <-ChIPseeker::readPeakFile(file.path(path), as = "GRanges")
usethis::use_data(hg19_blacklist, overwrite = TRUE)</pre>
```

hg38\_blacklist 21

hg38\_blacklist

Human genome hg38 blacklisted regions

### **Description**

Obtained from https://www.encodeproject.org/files/ENCFF356LFX/. The ENCODE black-list includes regions of the hg38 genome that have anomalous and/or unstructured signals independent of the cell-line or experiment. Removal of ENCODE blacklist is recommended for quality measure.

### Usage

```
data("hg38_blacklist")
```

#### **Format**

An object of class GRanges of length 910.

### **Source**

```
The code to prepare the .Rda file is:

## blacklisted regions were directly downloaded

## from https://www.encodeproject.org/files/ENCFF356LFX/
hg38_blacklist <-ChIPseeker::readPeakFile(file.path(path), as = "GRanges")
usethis::use_data(hg38_blacklist, overwrite = TRUE)
```

liftover\_grlist

Liftover peak list

# Description

Perform genome build liftover to one or more GRanges objects at once.

```
liftover_grlist(
  grlist,
  input_build,
  output_build = "hg19",
  style = "UCSC",
  keep_chr = paste0("chr", c(seq_len(22), "X", "Y")),
  as_grangeslist = FALSE,
  merge_all = FALSE,
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

22 mm10\_blacklist

# Arguments

grlist A named list of GRanges objects, or simply a single unlisted GRanges object.

Can perform liftover within species or across species.

input\_build The genome build of grlist.

output\_build Desired genome build for grlist to be lifted over to.

style Chromosome style, set by seqlevelsStyle.

"UCSC": Uses the chromosome style "chr1"."NCBI": Uses the chromosome style "1"

keep\_chr Which chromosomes to keep.
as\_grangeslist Return as a GRangesList.

merge\_all Merge all GRanges into a single GRanges object.

verbose Print messages.

#### Value

Named list of lifted GRanges objects.

### **Examples**

mm10\_blacklist

Mouse genome mm10 blacklisted regions

### **Description**

Obtained from https://www.encodeproject.org/files/ENCFF547MET/. The ENCODE black-list includes regions of the mm10 genome that have anomalous and/or unstructured signals independent of the cell-line or experiment. Removal of ENCODE blacklist is recommended for quality measure.

### Usage

```
data("mm10_blacklist")
```

# **Format**

An object of class GRanges of length 164.

mm9\_blacklist 23

### **Source**

```
The code to prepare the .Rda file is:

## blacklisted regions were directly downloaded

## from https://www.encodeproject.org/files/ENCFF547MET/

mm10_blacklist <-ChIPseeker::readPeakFile(file.path(path), as = "GRanges")

usethis::use_data(mm10_blacklist, overwrite = TRUE)
```

mm9\_blacklist

Mouse genome mm9 blacklisted regions

# Description

Blaklisted regions of the mm9 genome build brained by lifting over the mm10\_blacklist.

# Usage

```
data("mm9_blacklist")
```

#### **Format**

An object of class GRanges of length 292.

### **Source**

```
tmp <- base::get("mm10_blacklist", asNamespace("EpiCompare")) mm9_blacklist <- liftover_grlist(grlist
= tmp, input_build = "mm10", output_build = "mm9", keep_chr = NULL) usethis::use_data(mm9_blacklist,
overwrite = TRUE)</pre>
```

overlap\_heatmap

Generate heatmap of percentage overlap

### **Description**

This function generates a heatmap showing percentage of overlapping peaks between peak files.

```
overlap_heatmap(
  peaklist,
  interact = TRUE,
  draw_cellnote = TRUE,
  fill_diag = NA,
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

24 overlap\_percent

# Arguments

peaklist A list of peak files as GRanges object. Files must be listed and named using

list(). e.g. list("name1"=file1, "name2"=file2). If not named, default

file names will be assigned.

interact Default TRUE. By default heatmap is interactive. If FALSE, heatmap is static.

draw\_cellnote Draw the numeric values within each heatmap cell.

fill\_diag Fill the diagonal of the overlap matrix.

verbose Print messages.

### Value

An interactive heatmap

### **Examples**

```
### Load Data ###
data("encode_H3K27ac") # example peakfile GRanges object
data("CnT_H3K27ac") # example peakfile GRanges object
### Create Named List ###
peaklist <- list("encode"=encode_H3K27ac, "CnT"=CnT_H3K27ac)
### Run ###
my_heatmap <- overlap_heatmap(peaklist = peaklist)</pre>
```

overlap\_percent

Calculate percentage of overlapping peaks

### **Description**

This function calculates the percentage of overlapping peaks and outputs a table or matrix of results.

# Usage

```
overlap_percent(
  peaklist1,
  peaklist2,
  invert = FALSE,
  precision_recall = TRUE,
  suppress_messages = TRUE)
```

### **Arguments**

peaklist1

A list of peak files as GRanges object. Files must be listed and named using list(). e.g. list("name1"=file1, "name2"=file2). If not named, default file names will be assigned.

overlap\_stat\_plot 25

```
peaklist2 peaklist1 A list of peak files as GRanges object. Files must be listed and named using list(). e.g. list("name1"=file1, "name2"=file2).

invert If TRUE, keep only the ranges in x that do not overlap ranges.

precision_recall

Return percision-recall results for all combinations of peaklist1 (the "query") and peaklist2 (the "subject"). See subsetByOverlaps for more details on this terminology.

suppress_messages

Suppress messages.
```

#### Value

data frame

### **Examples**

overlap\_stat\_plot

Statistical significance of overlapping peaks

# Description

This function calculates the statistical significance of overlapping/ non-overlapping peaks against a reference peak file. If the reference peak file has the BED6+4 format (peak called by MACS2), the function generates a series of box plots showing the distribution of q-values for sample peaks that are overlapping and non-overlapping with the reference. If the reference peak file does not have the BED6+4 format, the function uses enrichPeakOverlap from **ChIPseeker** package to calculate the statistical significance of overlapping peaks only. In this case, please provide an annotation file as a TxDb object.

```
overlap_stat_plot(
  reference,
  peaklist,
  txdb = NULL,
```

26 overlap\_stat\_plot

```
interact = FALSE,
nShuffle = 50,
digits = 4,
workers = check_workers()
```

### **Arguments**

reference	A reference peak file as GRanges object.
peaklist	A list of peak files as GRanges object. Files must be listed and named using list(). E.g. list("name1"=file1, "name2"=file2). If not named, default file names will be assigned.
txdb	A TxDb annotation object from Bioconductor. This is required only if the reference file does not have BED6+4 format.
interact	Default TRUE. By default, plots are interactive. If set FALSE, all plots in the report will be static.
nShuffle	shuffle numbers
digits	integer indicating the number of decimal places (round) or significant digits (signif) to be used. For round, negative values are allowed (see 'Details').
workers	Number of threads to parallelize across.

### Value

A named list.

- "plot"boxplot/barplot showing the statistical significance of overlapping/non-overlapping peaks.
- "data"Plot data.

# **Examples**

overlap\_upset\_plot 27

overlap_upset_plot Generate Upset plot for overlapping peaks	overlap_upset_plot	Generate Upset plot for overlapping peaks	
--	--------------------	---	--

### **Description**

This function generates upset plot of overlapping peaks files using the **ComplexUpset** package.

### Usage

```
overlap_upset_plot(peaklist, verbose = TRUE)
```

### **Arguments**

peaklist A named list of peak files as GRanges object. Objects must be listed and named

using list(). e.g. list("name1"=file1, "name2"=file2). If not named,

default file names are assigned.

verbose Print messages

#### Value

Upset plot of overlapping peaks.

### **Examples**

```
### Load Data ###
data("encode_H3K27ac") # load example data
data("CnT_H3K27ac") # load example data
peaklist <- list("encode"=encode_H3K27ac, "CnT"=CnT_H3K27ac)
my_plot <- overlap_upset_plot(peaklist = peaklist)</pre>
```

peak\_info

Summary of Peak Information

# Description

This function outputs a table summarizing information on the peak files. Provides the total number of peaks and the percentage of peaks in blacklisted regions.

### Usage

```
peak_info(peaklist, blacklist)
```

### **Arguments**

peaklist A named list of peak files as GRanges object. Objects listed using list("name1"

= peak, "name2" = peak2).

blacklist A GRanges object containing blacklisted regions.

#### Value

A summary table of peak information

### **Examples**

```
plot_ChIPseeker_annotation
```

Create ChIPseeker annotation plot

### **Description**

This function annotates peaks using ChIPseeker::annotatePeak. It outputs functional annotation of each peak file in a barplot.

### Usage

```
plot_ChIPseeker_annotation(
  peaklist,
  txdb = NULL,
  tss_distance = c(-3000, 3000),
  interact = FALSE
)
```

# Arguments

peaklist A list of peak files as GRanges object. Files must be listed and named using

list(). e.g. list("name1"=file1, "name2"=file2). If not named, default

file names will be assigned.

txdb A TxDb annotation object from Bioconductor.

tss\_distance A vector specifying the distance upstream and downstream around transcription

start sites (TSS). The default value is c(-3000, 3000); meaning peak frequency

3000bp upstream and downstream of TSS will be displayed.

interact Default TRUE. By default, plots are interactive. If set FALSE, all plots in the

report will be static.

plot\_chromHMM 29

#### Value

ggplot barplot

### **Examples**

plot\_chromHMM

Plot ChromHMM heatmap

### **Description**

Creates a heatmap using outputs from ChromHMM using ggplot2. The function takes a list of peakfiles, performs ChromHMM and outputs a heatmap. ChromHMM annotation file must be loaded prior to using this function. ChromHMM annotations are aligned to hg19, and will be automatically lifted over to the genome\_build to match the build of the peaklist.

### Usage

```
plot_chromHMM(
   peaklist,
   chromHMM_annotation,
   genome_build,
   cell_line = NULL,
   interact = FALSE,
   return_data = FALSE
)
```

#### **Arguments**

peaklist A named list of peak files as GRanges object. If list is not named, default names

will be assigned.

chromHMM\_annotation

ChromHMM annotation list.

genome\_build The human genome reference build used to generate peakfiles. "hg19" or "hg38".

cell\_line If not cell\_line, will replace chromHMM\_annotation by importing chromHMM

data for a given cell line using get\_chromHMM\_annotation.

interact Default TRUE. By default, the heatmaps are interactive. IfFALSE, the function

generates a static ChromHMM heatmap.

return\_data Return the plot data as in addition to the plot itself.

30 plot\_corr

### Value

ChromHMM heatmap, or a named list.

### **Examples**

plot\_corr

Plot correlation of peak files

# Description

Plot correlation by binning genome and measuring correlation of peak quantile ranking. This ranking is based on p-value or other peak intensity measure dependent on the peak calling approach.

### Usage

```
plot_corr(
  peakfiles,
  reference = NULL,
  genome_build,
 bin_size = 5000,
  keep\_chr = NULL,
  drop_empty_chr = FALSE,
 method = "spearman",
  intensity_cols = c("total_signal", "qValue", "Peak Score", "score"),
  interact = FALSE,
  draw_cellnote = TRUE,
  fill_diag = NA,
 workers = check_workers(),
  show_plot = TRUE,
  save_path = tempfile(fileext = ".corr.csv.gz")
)
```

### **Arguments**

peakfiles

A list of peak files as GRanges object and/or as paths to BED files. If paths are provided, EpiCompare imports the file as GRanges object. EpiCompare also accepts a list containing a mix of GRanges objects and paths. Files must be listed and named using list(). E.g. list("name1"=file1, "name2"=file2). If no names are specified, default file names will be assigned.

plot\_corr 31

reference A named list containing reference peak file(s) as GRanges object. Please en-

sure that the reference file is listed and named i.e. list("reference\_name" = reference\_peak). If more than one reference is specified, individual reports for each reference will be generated. However, please note that specifying more than one reference can take awhile. If a reference is specified, it enables two analyses: (1) plot showing statistical significance of overlapping/non-overlapping peaks; and (2) ChromHMM of overlapping/non-overlapping peaks.

genome\_build The build of \*\*all\*\* peak and reference files to calculate the correlation matrix

on. If all peak and reference files are not of the same build use liftover\_grlist to convert them all before running. Genome build should be one of hg19, hg38,

mm9, mm10.

bin\_size Default of 100. Base-pair size of the bins created to measure correlation. Use

smaller value for higher resolution but longer run time and larger memory usage.

keep\_chr Which chromosomes to keep.

drop\_empty\_chr Drop chromosomes that are not present in any of the peakfiles (default: FALSE).

method Default spearman (i.e. non-parametric). A character string indicating which correlation coefficient (or covariance) is to be computed. One of "pearson",

"kendall", or "spearman": can be abbreviated.

intensity\_cols Depending on which columns are present, this value will be used to get quantiles and ultimately calculate the correlations:

• "total\_signal": Used by the peak calling software SEACR. NOTE: Another SEACR column (e.g. "max\_signal") can be used together or instead of "total\_signal".

• "qValue"Used by the peak calling software MACS2/3. Should contain the negative log of the p-values after multiple testing correction.

• "Peak Score": Used by the peak calling software HOMER.

interact Default TRUE. By default heatmap is interactive. If FALSE, heatmap is static.

draw\_cellnote Draw the numeric values within each heatmap cell.

fill\_diag Fill the diagonal of the overlap matrix.
workers Number of threads to parallelize across.

show\_plot Show the plot.

save\_path Path to save a table of correlation results to.

### Value

list with correlation plot (corr\_plot) and correlation matrix (data)

### **Examples**

```
data("CnR_H3K27ac")
data("CnT_H3K27ac")
data("encode_H3K27ac")
peakfiles <- list(CnR_H3K27ac=CnR_H3K27ac, CnT_H3K27ac=CnT_H3K27ac)
reference <- list("encode_H3K27ac"=encode_H3K27ac)
## Increasing bin_size for speed here,</pre>
```

32 plot\_enrichment

plot\_enrichment

Generate enrichment analysis plots

### **Description**

This function runs KEGG and GO enrichment analysis of peak files and generates dot plots.

### Usage

```
plot_enrichment(
  peaklist,
  txdb = NULL,
  tss_distance = c(-3000, 3000),
  pvalueCutoff = 0.05,
  interact = FALSE,
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

# **Arguments**

peaklist A list of peak files as GRanges object. Files must be listed and named using

list(). e.g. list("name1"=file1, "name2"=file2). If not named, default

file names will be assigned.

txdb A TxDb annotation object from Bioconductor.

tss\_distance A vector specifying the distance upstream and downstream around transcription

start sites (TSS). The default value is c(-3000, 3000); meaning peak frequency

3000bp upstream and downstream of TSS will be displayed.

pvalueCutoff P-value cutoff, passed to compareCluster.

interact Default TRUE. By default, plots are interactive. If set FALSE, all plots in the

report will be static.

verbose Print messages.

#### Value

KEGG and GO dot plots

plot\_precision\_recall 33

### **Examples**

plot\_precision\_recall Plot precision-recall curves

### **Description**

Plot precision-recall curves (and optionally F1 plots) by iteratively testing for peak overlap across a series of thresholds used to filter peakfiles. Each GRanges object in peakfiles will be used as the "query" against each GRanges object in reference as the subject. Will automatically use any columns that are specified with thresholding\_cols and present within each GRanges object to create percentiles for thresholding. *NOTE*: Assumes that all GRanges in peakfiles and reference are already aligned to the same genome build.

### Usage

```
plot_precision_recall(
  peakfiles,
  reference,
  thresholding_cols = c("total_signal", "qValue", "Peak Score"),
  initial_threshold = 0,
  n_{threshold} = 20,
 max_threshold = 1,
 workers = check_workers(),
  plot_f1 = TRUE,
  subtitle = NULL,
  color = "peaklist1",
  shape = color,
  facets = "peaklist2 ~ .",
  interact = FALSE,
  show_plot = TRUE,
  save_path = tempfile(fileext = "precision_recall.csv"),
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

#### **Arguments**

peakfiles

A list of peak files as GRanges object and/or as paths to BED files. If paths are provided, EpiCompare imports the file as GRanges object. EpiCompare also accepts a list containing a mix of GRanges objects and paths. Files must be listed

34 plot\_precision\_recall

and named using list(). E.g. list("name1"=file1, "name2"=file2). If no names are specified, default file names will be assigned.

reference

A named list containing reference peak file(s) as GRanges object. Please ensure that the reference file is listed and named i.e. list("reference\_name" = reference\_peak). If more than one reference is specified, individual reports for each reference will be generated. However, please note that specifying more than one reference can take awhile. If a reference is specified, it enables two analyses: (1) plot showing statistical significance of overlapping/non-overlapping peaks; and (2) ChromHMM of overlapping/non-overlapping peaks.

### thresholding\_cols

Depending on which columns are present, GRanges will be filtered at each threshold according to one or more of the following:

- "total\_signal": Used by the peak calling software SEACR. NOTE: Another SEACR column (e.g. "max\_signal") can be used together or instead of "total\_signal".
- "qValue"Used by the peak calling software MACS2/3. Should contain the negative log of the p-values after multiple testing correction.
- "Peak Score": Used by the peak calling software HOMER.

initial\_threshold

Numeric threshold that was provided to SEACR (via the parameter --ctrl) when calling peaks without an IgG control.

n\_thresholdNumber of thresholds to test.max\_thresholdMaximum threshold to test.

workers Number of threads to parallelize across.

plot\_f1 Generate a plot with the F1 score vs. threshold as well.

subtitle Plot subtitle.

color Variable to color data points by. shape Variable to set data point shapes by.

facets [Deprecated] Please use rows and cols instead.

interact Default TRUE. By default, plots are interactive. If set FALSE, all plots in the

report will be static.

show\_plot Show the plot.

save\_path File path to save precision-recall results to.

verbose Print messages.

#### Value

list with data and precision recall and F1 plots

### **Examples**

```
data("CnR_H3K27ac")
data("CnT_H3K27ac")
data("encode_H3K27ac")
```

precision\_recall 35

precision\_recall

Compute precision-recall

### **Description**

Compute precision and recall using each GRanges object in peakfiles as the "query" against each GRanges object in reference as the subject.

### Usage

```
precision_recall(
   peakfiles,
   reference,
   thresholding_cols = c("total_signal", "qValue", "Peak Score"),
   initial_threshold = 0,
   n_threshold = 20,
   max_threshold = 1,
   cast = TRUE,
   workers = 1,
   verbose = TRUE,
   save_path = tempfile(fileext = "precision_recall.csv"),
   ...
)
```

### **Arguments**

peakfiles

A list of peak files as GRanges object and/or as paths to BED files. If paths are provided, EpiCompare imports the file as GRanges object. EpiCompare also accepts a list containing a mix of GRanges objects and paths. Files must be listed and named using list(). E.g. list("name1"=file1, "name2"=file2). If no names are specified, default file names will be assigned.

reference

A named list containing reference peak file(s) as GRanges object. Please ensure that the reference file is listed and named i.e. list("reference\_name" = reference\_peak). If more than one reference is specified, individual reports for each reference will be generated. However, please note that specifying more than one reference can take awhile. If a reference is specified, it enables two analyses: (1) plot showing statistical significance of overlapping/non-overlapping peaks; and (2) ChromHMM of overlapping/non-overlapping peaks.

thresholding\_cols

Depending on which columns are present, GRanges will be filtered at each threshold according to one or more of the following:

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- "total\_signal": Used by the peak calling software SEACR. NOTE: Another SEACR column (e.g. "max\_signal") can be used together or instead of "total\_signal".
- "qValue"Used by the peak calling software MACS2/3. Should contain the negative log of the p-values after multiple testing correction.
- "Peak Score": Used by the peak calling software HOMER.

initial\_threshold

max\_threshold

Numeric threshold that was provided to SEACR (via the parameter --ctrl)

when calling peaks without an IgG control.

n\_threshold Number of thresholds to test.

cast Cast the data into a format that's more compatible with **ggplot2**.

workers Number of threads to parallelize across.

verbose Print messages.

save\_path File path to save precision-recall results to.

Maximum threshold to test.

... Arguments passed on to bpplapply

apply\_fun Iterator function to use.

register\_now Register the cores now with register (TRUE), or simply return the BPPARAM object (default: FALSE).

use\_snowparam Whether to use SnowParam (default: TRUE) or MulticoreParam (FALSE) when parallelising across multiple workers.

progressbar logical(1) Enable progress bar (based on plyr:::progress\_text).

X Any object for which methods length, [, and [[ are implemented.

FUN The function to be applied to each element of X.

#### Value

Overlap

# **Examples**

```
predict_precision_recall
```

Predict precision-recall

### **Description**

Predict specific values of precision or recall by fitting a model to a precision-recall curve. Predictions that are <0 will automatically be set to 0. Predictions that are >100 will automatically be set to 100.

### Usage

```
predict_precision_recall(
  pr_df,
  fun = stats::loess,
  precision = seq(10, 100, 10),
  recall = seq(10, 100, 10)
)
```

### **Arguments**

pr\_df Precision-recall data.frame generated by precision\_recall.

fun Function to fit the data with.

precision Precision values to predict recall from.

recall Recall values to predict precision from.

### Value

A named list of fitted models and predictions.

### **Source**

Fix for producing NAs from loess fun.

### **Examples**

38 rebin\_peaks

rebin\_peaks

Rebin peaks

# **Description**

Standardise a list of peak files by rebinning them into fixd-width tiles across the genome.

# Usage

```
rebin_peaks(
  peakfiles,
  genome_build,
  intensity_cols = c("total_signal", "qValue", "Peak Score", "score"),
  bin_size = 5000,
  keep\_chr = NULL,
  sep = c(":", "-"),
  drop_empty_chr = FALSE,
  as\_sparse = TRUE,
 workers = check_workers(),
  verbose = TRUE,
)
```

# **Arguments**

peakfiles

A list of peak files as GRanges object and/or as paths to BED files. If paths are provided, EpiCompare imports the file as GRanges object. EpiCompare also accepts a list containing a mix of GRanges objects and paths. Files must be listed and named using list(). E.g. list("name1"=file1, "name2"=file2). If no names are specified, default file names will be assigned.

genome\_build

The build of \*\*all\*\* peak and reference files to calculate the correlation matrix on. If all peak and reference files are not of the same build use liftover grlist to convert them all before running. Genome build should be one of hg19, hg38, mm9, mm10.

intensity\_cols Depending on which columns are present, this value will be used to get quantiles and ultimately calculate the correlations:

- "total\_signal": Used by the peak calling software SEACR. NOTE: Another SEACR column (e.g. "max\_signal") can be used together or instead of "total\_signal".
- "qValue"Used by the peak calling software MACS2/3. Should contain the negative log of the p-values after multiple testing correction.
- "Peak Score": Used by the peak calling software HOMER.

bin\_size

Default of 100. Base-pair size of the bins created to measure correlation. Use smaller value for higher resolution but longer run time and larger memory usage.

keep\_chr

Which chromosomes to keep.

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Separator to be used after chromosome name (first item) and between start/end genomic coordinates (second item).

drop\_empty\_chr Drop chromosomes that are not present in any of the peakfiles (default: FALSE).

as\_sparse Return the rebinned peaks as a sparse matrix (default: TRUE), which is more

efficiently stored than a dense matrix (FALSE).

workers Number of threads to parallelize across.

verbose Print messages.

... Arguments passed on to bpplapply

apply\_fun Iterator function to use.

register\_now Register the cores now with register (TRUE), or simply return the

BPPARAM object (default: FALSE).

 $use\_snowparam\ Whether\ to\ use\ \underline{SnowParam}\ (default:\ TRUE)\ or\ \underline{MulticoreParam}$ 

(FALSE) when parallelising across multiple workers.

 $progress bar\ (based\ on\ plyr:::progress\_text).$ 

X Any object for which methods length, [, and [[ are implemented.

FUN The function to be applied to each element of X.

#### Value

Binned peaks matrix

### **Examples**

report\_command

Report command

### **Description**

Reconstruct the EpiCompare command used to generate the current Rmarkdown report.

```
report_command(params, peaklist_tidy, reference_tidy)
```

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# **Arguments**

params Parameters supplied to the Rmarkdown template.

peaklist\_tidy Post-processed target peaks.

reference\_tidy Post-processed reference peaks.

### Value

String reconstructing R function call.

### **Examples**

```
# report_command()
```

report\_header

Report header

### **Description**

Generate a header for EpiCompare reports generated using the EpiCompare.Rmd template.

# Usage

```
report_header()
```

# Value

Header string to be rendering within Rmarkdown file.

# **Examples**

```
report_header()
```

tidy\_peakfile

Tidy peakfiles in GRanges

# Description

This function filters peak files by removing peaks in blacklisted regions and in non-standard chromosomes. It also checks that the input list of peakfiles is named. If no names are provided, default file names will be used.

```
tidy_peakfile(peaklist, blacklist)
```

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#### **Arguments**

peaklist A named list of peak files as GRanges object. Objects must be named and listed

using list(). e.g. list("name1"=file1, "name2"=file2) If not named, de-

fault names are assigned.

blacklist Peakfile specifying blacklisted regions as GRanges object.

#### Value

list of GRanges object

### **Examples**

translate\_genome

Translate genome

# Description

Translate the name of a genome build from one format to another.

### Usage

```
translate_genome(
  genome,
  style = c("UCSC", "Ensembl", "NCBI"),
  default_genome = NULL,
  omit_subversion = TRUE
)
```

### **Arguments**

genome A character vector of genomes equivalent to UCSC version or Ensembl Assem-

blies

style A single value equivalent to "UCSC" or "Ensembl" specifying the output genome

default\_genome Default genome build when genome is NULL.

 $omit\_subversion$ 

Omit any subversion suffixes after the ".".

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### Value

Standardized genome build name as a character string.

# Examples

```
genome <- translate_genome(genome="hg38", style="Ensembl")
genome2 <- translate_genome(genome="mm10", style="UCSC")</pre>
```

tss\_plot

Read count frequency around TSS

# Description

This function generates a plot of read count frequency around TSS.

# Usage

```
tss_plot(
  peaklist,
  txdb = NULL,
  tss_distance = c(-3000, 3000),
  conf = 0.95,
  resample = 500,
  interact = FALSE,
  workers = check_workers()
)
```

# Arguments

peaklist	A list of peak files as GRanges object. Files must be listed and named using list(). e.g. list("name1"=file1, "name2"=file2) If not named, default file names will be assigned.
txdb	A TxDb annotation object from Bioconductor.
tss_distance	A vector specifying the distance upstream and downstream around transcription start sites (TSS). The default value is c(-3000, 3000); meaning peak frequency 3000bp upstream and downstream of TSS will be displayed.
conf	Confidence interval threshold estimated by bootstrapping (0.95 means 95 Argument passed to plotAvgProf.
resample	Number of bootstrapped iterations to run. Argument passed to plotAvgProf.
interact	Default TRUE. By default, plots are interactive. If set FALSE, all plots in the report will be static.
workers	Number of cores to parallelise bootstrapping across. Argument passed to plotAvg-Prof.

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### Value

A named list of profile plots.

### **Examples**

width\_boxplot

Peak width boxplot

### **Description**

This function creates boxplots showing the distribution of widths in each peak file.

### Usage

```
width_boxplot(peaklist, interact = FALSE)
```

### **Arguments**

peaklist A list of peak files as GRanges object. Files must be named and listed using

list(). e.g. list("name1"=file1, "name2"=file2)

interact Default TRUE. By default, plots are interactive. If set FALSE, all plots in the

report will be static.

### Value

A boxplot of peak widths.

### **Examples**

```
### Load Data ###
data("encode_H3K27ac") # example peaklist GRanges object
data("CnT_H3K27ac") # example peaklist GRanges object
peaklist <- list("encode"=encode_H3K27ac, "CnT"=CnT_H3K27ac)
my_plot <- width_boxplot(peaklist = peaklist)</pre>
```

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write\_example\_peaks
Write example peaks

# Description

Write example peaks datasets to disk.

# Usage

```
write_example_peaks(
  dir = file.path(tempdir(), "processed_results"),
  datasets = c("encode_H3K27ac", "CnT_H3K27ac", "CnR_H3K27ac")
)
```

# Arguments

dir Directory to save peak files to.

datasets Example datasets from **EpiCompare** to write.

### Value

Named vector of paths to saved peak files.

# **Examples**

```
save_paths <- EpiCompare::write_example_peaks()</pre>
```

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